The Mapleton Item.

VOL. XI. MAPLETON DEPOT, PA., WEDNESDAY, MAY 17, 1899. NO. 8

Our Furnishing Goods are going in great shape. Shows that they are about the right stuff. Oh! Our

STRAW HATS

are in and they are Fine Fancy Bands, Black and Blue Bands. Prices from

25 CENTS

up. A full line of

Children's, Boys' and Men's.

Also, just received a new line of

Shirts, Ties, Washable Ascots, 25c

They are beauts.

Ask to see the newest collar on the market JUTINA. It is a dandy.

Our tailoring department is complete. Lots of suitings to make a selection from. We have been doing lots of work in this department. Everybody pleased with our work. No misfits. Come in and look over our line of samples. We can save you money.

Suits from $9.50 to $40.00
Trousers from $2.50 to $10.00
Fit Guaranteed.

Joe S. Miller, In the Diamond. Huntingdon.

Attractive Offerings For Careful Buyers.

OPENING of our Regular Spring Trade with a stock that has beauty and excellence. Our assortment of

DRY GOODS,
NOTIONS,
SPRING HATS,

Groceries. Hardware, Oils, Paints, Lime, Wall Paper, Fish and everything found in an Up-to-Date Country Store is now ready—complete in every sense of the word.

Every Day a Bargain Day.

Be a friend to your purse by buying your goods from

J. O. HEATON,
Cassville, Penn'a.

Ready
WITH MY BIG BARGAINS.

Above me stands no competing stocks;
Below me lie no competing prices.

I will commence with
I will continue with
I will end with
} BARGAINS.

Fine goods and plenty of them. All the leading and representative styles in

Ladies', Gents' and Misses' Fine Shoes.

Every department full of new novelties, rich in quality and style.

You will be Sure to Find What You Want

Our aim—To keep the best;
Our ambition—To please our trade.
Our principle—Fair dealing; one price—the lowest.

My Welcome Word for All—

..... *Bargains* .....

J. C. Hazlett,
402 Penn St., Huntingdon, Pa.

UNION NATIONAL BANK
OF HUNTINGDON.
No. 113 Fourth St.

K. ALLEN LOVELL, President.
H. B. BRUMBAUGH, Vice President.
R. J. MATTERN, Cashier.

DIRECTORS.

J. C. Hazlett, E. M. Greene, R. J. Mattern, K. A. Lovell and H. B. Brumbaugh.

Regular Discount Day—WEDNESDAY.

Deposits received subject to check. Collections made in all parts of the world, and a regular banking business transacted. Accounts with corporations, firms, individuals, and the business public generally, opened on most favorable terms. 813z.

LOCAL NOTES.

—Preaching in the M. E. church next Sunday evening at 7.30 o'clock.

—Mrs. A. B. Gillam spent Monday and Tuesday in Tyrone.

—Cassville Methodists are talking of building a new parsonage.

—Go to W. G. Ewing, Mount Union, for timothy and clover seed.

—W. A. Myton and wife, of Huntingdon, spent Sabbath with A. B. Gillam's.

—Mrs. John G. Gillam and son, Chester, spent last week with friends at Harrisburg.

—F. W. Miller and wife, of Huntingdon, were Sunday visitors to friends in Mapleton.

—Five-cent dress plaids, 5c good yellow muslin at W. G. Ewing's, Mount Union, Pa.

—Preaching services in the Presbyterian church next Sunday evening by the pastor.

—Miss Georgeanna Thear, of Hector, Ohio, visited her sister, Mrs. B. O'Connor, the past week.

—Sacramental services in the Mill Creek M. E. church next Sunday morning at 10.30 o'clock.

—William Reed & Son announce a great linen sale in this issue. Read their advertisement.

—A. B. Gillam has just completed an addition to his residence in which he has placed a modern bath room.

—For clothing, hats, caps, shoes, shirts, etc., it will save you money to go to W. G. Ewing's, Mount Union, Pa.

—H. H. Swope is representing Mapleton Lodge No. 468 I. O. O. F. in the Grand Lodge at Allentown this week.

—G. D. Wood and wife attended the Mierley-Stever wedding in Trough Creek valley last Wednesday evening.

—For dress goods, plaids, henriettas, ginghams, muslins, etc., it will pay you to go to W. G. Ewing's, Mount Union, Pa.

—H. H. Lamberson and wife, of Newberg, spent two or three days of the past week among their many friends in Mapleton.

—A heavy wind storm passed over this county last evening. Much damage was done in the way of blowing down trees.

—The Mapleton cornet band will have a cake walk at the park next Saturday evening. All well disposed persons will be welcomed.

—M. L. Rex has been appointed to do substitute guard service at the Reformatory until June 1st and entered upon his duties Monday evening.

—Mrs. Yocum and son, of Altoona, and Mr. and Mrs. Lewis White, of Mount Union, were Sunday visitors at the home of W. T. Boring in Union township.

—Elijah Gillam, of West township, has been viewing the sights about town during the past week and looking after the welfare of his children and grandchildren.

—Mrs. W. E. Hack who has been in ill health for several months has gone to the home of her parents at Huntingdon. It is hoped the change will prove beneficial.

—Bruce Hyssong, of Cassville, was in town Monday morning on his way to Allentown where he is representing Mount Hor Lodge No. 736, I. O. O. F. in the Grand Lodge.

—The next annual convention of the Jnniata District Epworth League will be held in the First Methodist Episcopal church, Huntingdon, on Wednesday and Thursday, May 24th and 25th.

—D. B. Miller is placing a water power in his wagonmaker shop with which he will run his rim saw, lathe and other machinery. He expects to have it in operation in a few days.

—Allison Wible, of Mill Creek, formerly of Mapleton, who for the past few months has been in the employ of the Westinghouse Company at Turtle Creek, has been appointed to the position of storekeeper by that company. We congratulate our friend upon his rapid advancement.

—J. O. Heaton, Cassville, Pa., recommends and sells all of Chamberlain's remedies advertised in the ITEM.

—Collector Toomey desires all persons who have not paid their school or borough taxes for last year to settle with him at once. He must settle his accounts by the last of this month and must have all taxes by that time.

—Lyman Pincin, of McVeytown, passed through Mapleton Monday evening on his way to Youngstown, Ohio, where he has a contract for putting in five large sand driers. He expects it will take most of the summer to do the work.

—Elmer K. Roop, representing the Bellwood *Bulletin* office, spent a few hours in Mapleton last Friday. Mr. Roop is an excellent printer and a splendid companion. Since that time Mr. Roop has secured a position on the Altoona *Times*.

—Commander W. J. Patterson, of the Department of Pennsylvania, Grand Army of the Republic, has issued an order through Assistant Adjutant General Leiper requesting that all Posts observe Memorial Day on May 30, and attend divine worship on Sunday, May 28th.

—Rev. R. S. Woodward has been confined to the house much of the time for the past two weeks with what appears to be a light paralytic stroke. He is improving slowly and expects to preach to his congregation next Sunday morning from the subject "The Priesthood of Melchisedec."

—The yards of our homes are all nicely decorated with beautitul flowers, buds bursting and trees blooming. Everything appears to be in its youth. Now would be the time to have your homes photographed. I will be around to every house the coming week for the purpose of photographing your homes. Henry Buchanan, Mapleton.

—I have been a sufferer from chronic diarrhoea ever since the war and have used all kinds of medicines for it. At last I found one remedy that has been a success as a cure, and that is Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy.—P. E. GRISHAM, Gaars Mills, La. For sale by J. G. Gillam.

—Rev. J. F. Glass and family on Monday departed for Chicago. Next Saturday the Glass family will hold a reunion at Otis, Indiana. Our ministerial friend and schoolmate is the only surviving member of the family in Pennsylvania and the only professional man in the connection. Other members of the connection are scattered throughout the west as far as Nebraska. He expects to be absent about three weeks.

—Reuben Donelson, a well known farmer of Lincoln township, committed suicide last Thursday morning by slashing his throat three times with a razor. He was a victim of eleptiform seizures, and he committed the deed while temporarily mentally unbalanced. He selected the grain floor of the barn of his brother-in-law, Mr. Woomer, to end his days of misery. He was between 45 and 50 years of age. The suicide never married.

—Robert Varnes, of New York City, whose boyhood days were spent in Mapleton, spent a portion of last week renewing acquaintances in this town. Robert's early life was characterized by scrupulous honesty and in the score of years of active life positions of honor and trust have opened to him. At present he holds the position of bookkeeper in a New York carriage establishment and is doing well. He was warmly greeted.

Whooping Cough.

I had a little boy who was nearly dead from an attack of whooping cough. My neighbors recommended Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. I did not think that any medicine would help him, but after giving him a few doses of that remedy I noticed an improvement, and one bottle cured him entirely. It is the best cough medicine I ever had in the house. —J. L. MOORE, South Burgettstown, Pa. For sale by J. G. Gillam.

George M. Franklin.

Captain George M. Franklin, one of Lancaster's leading merchants and most prominent citizens, died Monday morning of pneumonia, aged 59 years, He was a son of Thomas E. Franklin, once Attorney-General of the State. He enlisted as first lieutenant in the One Hundred and Twenty-second Regiment, Pennsylvania Volunteers, and in 1863 was appointed Assistant Adjutant-General on the staff of General William B. Franklin and participated in the Red River expedition under Banks. He served in both branches of City Councils, was president of the Hamilton Watch Company and a vestryman in St. James Episcopal Church. Deceased was the principal in the Juniata Sand Company which operates the Franklin works east of Mill Creek.

William Lynn.

William Lynn, half-brother of C. L. Lynn, of Union township, died at his residence in Hill Valley on Friday, May 5, 1899, after an illness of several weeks' duration. His wife preceded him to the grave just seventeen days. Mr. Lynn was a highly respected citizen of Hill Valley all his life, and he had reached the advanced age of 74 years and 13 days. Three children survive him—Mrs. Annie McKim and John T. Lynn, of Hill Valley, and Mrs. Jennie Lee, of Altoona. Funeral services were held on the 7th inst., conducted by Rev. Bensford, of Shirleysburg, and Rev. Whitney, of Orbisonia. Mr. Lynn was a veteran of the Civil war and a charter member of Colonel Isaac Rogers Post No. 252, G. A. R., which organization attended the funeral in a body.

Young People's Convention.

The Young People's Convention, of the Allegheny Conference of the United Brethren church will be held in the church at Mapleton Wednesday and Thursday of next week. This convention is composed of delegates from the ninety-six societies in the Conference, and it is expected that nearly all of these societies will be represented. As this is the largest gathing of this kind ever held in this community it behooves every citizen, regardless of church relations, to do his utmost to add to the comcomfort and welfare of the strangers who come within our gates. Excursion rates on card orders have been granted by the Pennsylvania Railroad for this convention. Following is the program:

WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON.

Devotions—led by Rev. I. P. Truxal.
Address of Welcome—Rev. R. S. Woodward.
Response—Rev. W. W. Rymer.
"What Constitutes a Successful Convention."
1. To Those Present—Mr. Donald Cowling.
2. To the Local Societies—
Rev. W. W. Williamson.
"A Pledged Life"—Rev. S. S. Hough.

WEDNESDAY EVENING.

Devotions—Rev. J. I. L. Resler.
"The Importance of Religion to Society"—
Rev. L. Keister.

THURSDAY MORNING.

Devotions—(quiet hour) Rev. A. L. Funk.
Business.
"Young People's Work and the Temperance Question"—Rev. L. B. Fasick.
(Open Parliament.)
Question Box—Mr. M. A. King.

THURSDAY APTERNOON.

Devotions—Rev. L. C. Smiley.
Business—
1. Report of Committees on Enrollment.
2. Report of Corresponding Secretary and Treasurer.
3. Report of Committee on Nominations.
4. Election of Officers.
Junior Work—Miss Ella Lockard.
"Deepening of the Spiritual Life"—
1. The Quiet Hour—Miss Lillie Shaffer.
2. Bible Study—Rev. W. H. Blackburn.
3. Systematic Giving—Dr. G. W. Miller.

THURSDAY EVENING.

Devotions—Rev. J. M. Lesher.
"Modern Religious Movements Among the Young People"—Rev. W. W. Williamson.

A Narrow Escape.

Thankful words written by Mrs. Ada E. Hart, of Groton, S. D. "Was taken with a bad cold which settled on my lungs; cough set in and finally terminated in Consumption. Four doctors gave me up, saying I could live but a short time. I gave myself up to my Savior, determined if I could not stay with my friends on earth, I would meet my absent ones above. My husband was advised to get Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds. I gave it a trial, took in all eight bottles. It has cured me, and thank God, I am saved and now a well and healthy woman." Trial bottles free at B. O'Connor & Sons' store. Regular size 50c. and $1.00. Guaranteed or price refunded.

Political Announcement.

DISTRICT ATTORNEY. I hereby announce myself as a candidate for District Attorney, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.
Huntingdon. SAMUEL I. SPYKER.

Second Week of Court.

Civil court opened on Monday afternoon at the usual hour, with all the judges on the bench.

The following preliminary business was transacted, petitions presented, acted upon, etc.:

Benton R. McClure was appointed supervisor for Logan township.

Inquest awarded to make partition of the real estate of Jacob W. Stone, late of Penn township, deceased.

Return of subpoena in divorce in case of Lydia Knode, vs. Thomas M. Knode. C. H. Whittaker, Esq., was appointed master to take testimony and to report decree.

Upon motion of H. B. Dunn, District Attorney, nol prosequies were entered in a number of minor criminal cases.

In re report of W. M. Henderson, Esq., auditor to distribute funds in hands of the sheriff arising from the sale of the real estate of Mary A. Laird, the costs not affected by exception were ordered to be paid.

In re proceedings in partition on the real estate of Elizabeth Smith, late of Union township, deceased, distribution of the funds arising therefrom confirmed.

In re estate of Dr. George W. Thompson, late of the borough of Mount Union, deceased, sale of certain real estate in Shirley township confirmed nisi.

Upon petition of Chas. H. Anderson, manager, Albert Decker and William Ross were appointed policemen for Sunset Park in Oneida township.

James C. Fagan was discharged from imprisonment under the insolvent laws.

Report of reviewers to review and lay out road in Warriorsmark township near the residence of Mrs. M. E. Stephens was confirmed nisi. Upon agreement of counsel the first report of viewers was confirmed absolutely.

J. M. Steese, Esq., was appointed auditor to make distribution of the balance in the hands of D. C. Kurtz, administrator of Isaac Kurtz, late of Walker township, deceased.

Order to sell the real estate of S. B. Patterson, late of Warriorsmark township, deceased, was continued and the administrator authorized to sell at public or private sale.

Decree made discharging A. G. Royer from imprisonment upon his giving bail for appearance at September court.

In re libel in divorce, Ella McNerland vs. John McNerland. C. H. Whittaker, Esq., was appointed master to take testimony and report decree.

H. W. Petriken, Esq., was appointed auditor to distribute balance in hands of Jas. Cullen, administrator of Jas. Burke, late of Spruce Creek, deceased.

In the matter of the first account of Chas. G. Brown and Elmer C. Brown, executors of the will of Samuel T. Brown, late of the borough of Huntingdon, deceased, Warren B. Simpson, Esq., was appointed auditor to make distribution.

In re libel in divorce, Sydney T. Isett vs. Joanna Isett, subpoena awarded.

Inquisition "de lunatico inquirendo" as to J. R. Durborrow, of the borough of Huntingdon, was confirmed. Mrs. Eliza J. Durborrow was appointed committee, and order granted for the sale of certain real estate in said borough.

The first case on the trial list was an Alias Sci. Fa. sur mortgage, in which Geo. Keith, trustee, for use, was plaintiff, and R. M. Speer with notice to Joseph J. Norris, defendant, to recover a one-seventh interest due upon an old mortgage against R. M. Speer. The defendant's plea was payment. By direction of the court a verdict was rendered in favor of the plaintiff for $82.70, the amount claimed.

The next case was an action of trespass brought by John Foreman vs. The Penna. R. R. Co., for damages for personal injuries sustained by him in a wreck on the Ebensburg branch in February, 1897. Mr. Foreman was a postal clerk and was so severely injured about the head as to affect his memory and unfit him for the work of his employment. The defendant proved the wreck to have been caused by an open switch, left so by a brakeman in the employ of the railroad company, and the court directed a verdict in favor of the defendant under a decision of the Supreme Court, which has decided that postal clerks are co-employees of the other persons engaged in running trains, and therefore cannot recover for injuries sustained by reason of their negligence.

The last case was an action of assumpsit by W. S. McPherran, of Pittsburg, vs. John P. McPherran, administrator of Porter W. McPherran, late of Spruce Creek, deceased, to recover the sum of $10,000 upon a judgment note of said decedent made in February, 1895, in favor of the plaintiff. The defense claimed that the note was not executed by the decedent, and therefore refuse payment. A verdict of $12,500 was rendered in favor of plaintiff.

A Frightful Blunder

Will often cause a horrible Burn, Scald, Cut or Bruise. Bucklen's Arnica Salve, the best in the world, will kill the pain and promptly heal it. Cures Old Sores, Fever Sores, Ulcers, Boils, Felons, Corns, all Skin Eruptions. Best Pile cure on earth. Only 25 cents a box. Cure guaranteed. Sold by B. O'Connor & Sons.

FOR WOMAN'S BENEFIT.

Buckles for the Gowns.

Big buckles are placed on the bodices of evening gowns and also hold up the ever-present tunic. Some are square, while others are heart-shaped; they are chiefly of gold, pale, dull-finished silver, diamonds or steel. Pearls and diamond clasps hold the fronts of evening wraps together. Tortoise-shell ornaments, slides and buckles are now worn as much on gowns as in the hair.

In the Rose Gardens of Swanley.

Among the treats which will appeal to all the women who attend the International Council at London in June will be a visit to the Swanley College of Agriculture. The gardens at that time will be at their loveliest and the strawberries at their ripest. A new rose garden, designed by a Miss Sieveking, under the direction of Dean Hole, will be opened by the witty dean himself. This garden covers a quarter of an acre, and in late June and early July will be a vision of delight. The demand for women gardeners is greater than Swanley college can supply. Experienced students are in demand in advisory work and in the direction of gardeners in different parts of the country, while the grounds of several important country houses have been given in charge of Swanley graduates.

"An Excellent Thing in Woman."

There are girls who seem to fancy their friends are possessed of guttapercha eardrums. If there is any one thing that a girl can do which will make her unattractive sooner than talking in a loud voice it has yet to be discovered. She is branded as uncouth, uncultured, un-everything. Voices are like gowns—as long as they suit the occasion they are correct and their impression always good. Good common sense must direct where the force should be applied. One of the greatest faults in talking is committed by placing the force incorrectly. How often the word "and," of so little real importance in the sentence, is made most conspicuous. The secret of really effective talking lies in placing the force on the words of most meaning in the sentences. Care can cultivate this power. The pitch of voices exercises the greatest power over us. We immediately read the character of a high-voiced person as irritable and nervous. Low-pitched voices seem to imply a strong and even temperament. No end of pleasant things are written about high, clear voices, silver tones and ringing laughs, but brought into constant use these sometimes beautiful tones degenerate into shrillness, or even squeakiness. For all-around, every-day use, a voice pitched low rather than high has the best wearing qualities.—Katharine Eggleston Junkermann in Woman's Home Companion.

A Wealthy Baroness.

In her own way Baroness Hirsch was as remarkable a person as her husband. Worth many millions in her own right, she gave freely of her wealth as well as of that left by him. She was a daughter of the late Senator Bischofheim of Brussels, head of the great banking house of Bischofheim & Goldschmid, that financed the Erie Railway reorganization in 1871. The baroness, as a girl, was her father's secretary, and developed the method and accuracy that characterized her whole after life. At 22 she married Baron Hirsch, and was of great help to him in all his financial undertakings as well as in his philanthropic plans. She was highly educated, writing and speaking German, English, French and several other languages. The Hirsch establishment in Paris was managed with great care, the baroness personally attending to every detail. Always ready to dispense charity, she guarded rigidly against waste.

After her husband's death her duties increased enormously. He left an estate of $25,000,000, much of which was bequeathed to charity. Millions have been spent in colonizing large bodies of Russian refugees in the United States and the Argentine Republic. In 1896 the baroness promulgated a plan for benevolent work in the United States. Oscar Straus of New York was consulted by her as to methods, but he declared that she had definite plans regarding what she meant to do. Finding that the Hirsch school in New York was in a rented building, she gave $150,000 to rear a house of its own. She especially wished to help working girls of that city. A home for working girls was the result, she giving $200,000 for ground and buildings, and an annual income of $12,000. Having organized several similar homes in Belgium, she was familiar with the work. The condition of the Russian Jews in New York city especially appealed to her. She investigated the situation thoroughly, and then informed the trustees of the Baron Hirsch fund that she had placed at their disposal $1,000,000 for the permanent relief of these people. In all, a careful estimate shows that she spent $1,500,000 in New York city in charitable work after her husband's death, besides the annual income of the fund of $2,400,000 created by the baron. She left several million pounds sterling, chiefly bequeathed to charities.—Woman's Journal.

Care of the Mouth.

The condition of the teeth has much to do with the general health. The improvement following the placing of the teeth in a healthy condition is often surprising. One cause of so-called bad breath is due to tartar on the teeth, they being otherwise sound and good. Tartar is in many mouths the only enemy to contend with. It accumulates at the neck of the teeth, irritates the gums, causing them to become inflamed so that they bleed easily. This should be taken as a warning, and if a dentist is called upon in time will prevent much injury. If not done the accumulation continues, and in time the teeth become loose and are lost.

A tooth that is decayed contains a cavity in which food collects and is decomposed. The decomposed food is dislodged and carried into the stomach, where it may cause much trouble. Of course the trouble is increased by the number of teeth involved. A person with poor teeth cannot eat with satisfaction; he is in a nervous condition, his food imperfectly masticated and insalivated, hence goes into the stomach unprepared for digestion, thereby causing indigestion. In such a case the services of a dentist are necessary.

The teeth and mouth being in a healthy condition, they can be kept so by proper attention and use. The thorough mastication of the food gives the teeth and surrounding parts exercise, which is essential to their health. The teeth should be brushed twice a day, a tooth powder being used daily or at least three times a week.

When the teeth are stained a good brushing with pumice stone will have a good effect.

The proper way is to brush the teeth from the necks toward the grinding surfaces. This allows the bristles of the brush to pass between the teeth. The grinding surfaces should also be brushed in all directions, back and forth and sideways. If the teeth are brushed but once a day do it the last thing before retiring. It is better to brush the teeth both morning and evening.

Do not get into the habit of picking the teeth. Rinsing the mouth after each meal is usually sufficient. Never use wood toothpicks, especially such as are furnished free. Wood toothpicks have very fine splinters on the surfaces, which become imbedded in the gums and cause trouble; then they are likely to break off between the teeth and require the services of a dentist to remove them. Dental floss is the only thing for the purpose. Poorly constructed toothbrushes should be avoided, as the bristles may become dislodged and forced into the gums or throat.—Philadelphia Press.

Fashion's Fads and Fancies.

Velvet cord neck chains strung with coral beads are one of the season's novelties.

Pure white kid gloves are going out of fashion and the delicate tints of cream and ecru suedes are coming in.

Small capes just covering the shoulders will be much worn by the misses. These capes are encircled by rows of stitches and have high roll over collars.

Pretty evening dresses for young girls are made of cream net over taffeta silk, and trimmed from waist to hem with frills of white satin ribbon.

Quantities of valenciennes in all widths up to six inches are being sold for trimming the simplest summer muslins, as well as more expensive materials.

Some of the newest shirt waists are made with a sailor collar pointing down to the belt in front. For a dressy waist the collar may be covered with lace.

The high top knot is still the most fashionable mode of dressing the hair, and the Parisian woman's pompadour is thrown well forward in an overhanging puff.

Making hat crowns of flowers is one of the novel effects in millinery, but the latest form of vegetation used for this purpose is moss, not artificial moss, but the real thing.

A pretty cape is made of net bengaline, well covered with bold designs in black lace applique. A ruffle of Chantilly over a plaiting of black chiffon finishes the edge, and the yoke is of shirred chiffon, with a frill of lace and chiffon forming a deep collar.

A pretty muslin gown, showing a broadly striped pattern of pink roses alternating with a conventional pattern, which has a red effect, the yoke is made of alternate rows of black velvet and red satin ribbon, neither quite half an inch wide, set close together and running around the yoke.

The latest in colors, especially for the tailor made suits, are the pastel shades. These have been described as the dainty, delicate tints which would be produced if you were to dip your finger in paint of any color and then stick it into a pail of white. The shades range through the entire gamut of color, from the faint "dough" white to the most delicate tints of blue, rose, terra cotta, gray, etc.

DR. TALMAGE'S SERMON.

SUNDAY'S DISCOURSE BY THE NOTED DIVINE.

Subject: "Turned to Darkness"—A Graphic Word-Picture of a Godless World—Deplorable Condition Into Which Infidelity Would Plunge the World.

TEXT: "The sun shall be turned into darkness."—Acts ii., 20.

Christianity is the rising sun of our time, and men have tried with the uprolling vapors of skepticism and the smoke of their blasphemy to turn the sun into darkness. Suppose the archangels of malice and horror should be let loose a little while and be allowed to extinguish and destroy the sun in the natural heavens! They would take the oceans from other worlds and pour them on the luminary of the planetary system, and the waters go hissing down amid the ravines and the caverns, and there is explosion after explosion until there are only a few peaks of fire left in the sun, and these are cooling down and going out until the vast continents of flame are reduced to a small acreage of fire, and that whitens and cools off until there are only a few coals left, and these are whitening and going out until there is not a spark left in all the mountains of ashes and the valleys of ashes and the chasms of ashes. An extinguished sun! A dead sun! A buried sun! Let all worlds wail at the stupendous obsequies.

Of course this withdrawal of the solar light and heat throws our earth into a universal chill, and the tropics become the temperate, and the temperate becomes the arctic, and there are frozen rivers and frozen lakes and frozen oceans. From arctic to antarctic regions the inhabitants gather in toward the center and find the equator as the poles. The slain forests are piled up into a great bonfire, and around them gather the shivering villages and cities. The wealth of the coal mines is hastily poured into the furnaces and stirred into rage of combustion, but soon the bonfires begin to lower, and the furnaces begin to go out, and the nations begin to die. Cotopaxi, Vesuvius, Etna, Stromboli, California geysers, cease to smoke, and the ice of hailstorms remains unmelted in their crater. All the flowers have breathed their last breath. Ships with sailors frozen at the mast, and helmsmen frozen at the wheel, and passengers frozen in the cabin. All nations dying, first at the north and then at the south. Child frosted and dead in the cradle. Octogenarian frosted and dead at the hearth. Workmen with frozen hand on the hammer and frozen foot on the shuttle. Winter from sea to sea. All congealing winter. Perpetual winter. Globe of frigidity. Hemisphere shackled to hemisphere by chains of ice. Universal Nova Zembla. The earth an ice floe grinding against other ice floes. The archangels of malice and horror have done their work, and now they may have their thrones of glacier and look down upon the ruin they have wrought. What the destruction of the sun in the natural heavens would be to our physical earth the destruction of Christianity would be to the moral world. The sun turned into darkness!

Infidelity in our time is considered a great joke. There are people who rejoice to hear Christianity caricatured and to hear Christ assailed with quibble and quirk and misrepresentation and badinage and harlequinade. I propose to-day to take infidelity and atheism out of the realm of jocularity into one of tragedy and show you what infidels propose and what, if they are successful, they will accomplish. There are those in all our communities who would like to see the Christian religion overthrown and who say the world would be better without it. I want to show you what is the end of this road, and what is the terminus of this crusade, and what this world will be when atheism and infidelity have triumphed over it, if they can. I say, if they can. I reiterate it, if they can.

In the first place, it will be the complete and unutterable degradation of womanhood. I will prove it by facts and arguments which no honest man will dispute. In all communities and cities and States and nations where the Christian religion has been dominant woman's condition has been ameliorated and improved, and she is deferred to and honored in a thousand things, and every gentleman takes off his hat before her. If your associations have been good, you know that the name of wife, mother, daughter, suggest gracious surroundings. You know there are no better schools and seminaries in this country than the schools and seminaries for our young ladies. You know that while woman may suffer injustice in England and the United States, she has more of her rights in Christendom than she has anywhere else.

Now, compare this with woman's condition in lands where Christianity has made little or no advance—in China, in Barbay, in Borneo, in Tartary, in Egypt, in Hindustan. The Burmese sell their wives and daughters as so many sheep. The Hindoo Bible makes it disgraceful and an outrage for a woman to listen to music or look out of the window in the absence of her husband and gives as a lawful ground for divorce a woman's beginning to eat before her husband has finished his meal. What mean those white bundles on the ponds and rivers in China in the morning? Infanticide following infanticide. Female children destroyed simply because they are females. Woman harnessed to the plow as an ox. Woman veiled and barricaded and in all styles of cruel seclusion. Her birth a misfortune. Her life a torture. Her death a horror. The missionary of the cross today in heathen lands preaches generally to two groups—a group of men who do as they please and sit where they please; the other group, women hidden and carefully secluded in a side apartment, where they may hear the voice of the preacher, but may not be seen. No refinement. No liberty. No hope for this life. No hope for the life to come. Ringed nose. Cramped foot. Disfigured face. Embruted soul. Now, compare those two conditions. How far toward this latter condition that I speak of would woman go if Christian influences were withdrawn and Christianity were destroyed? It is only a question of dynamics. If an object be lifted to a certain point and not fastened there and the lifting power be withdrawn, how long before that object will fall down to the point from which it started? It will fall down, and it will go still farther than the point from which it started. Christianity has lifted woman up from the very depths of degradation almost to the skies. If that lifting power be withdrawn, she falls clear back to the depth from which she was resurrected, not going any lower, because there is no lower depth, and yet notwithstanding the fact that the salvation of woman from degradation and woe is the Christian religion—and the only influence that has ever lifted her in the social scales is Christianity—I have read that there are women who reject Christianity. I make no remark in regard to those persons. In the silence of your own soul make your observations.

If infidelity triumph and Christianity be overthrown, it means the demoralization of society. The one idea in the Bible that atheists and infidels most hate is the idea of retribution. Take away the idea of retribution and punishment from society, and it will begin very soon to disintegrate, and take away from the minds of men the fear of hell, and there are a great many of them who would very soon turn this world into a hell. The majority of those who are indignant against the Bible because of the idea of punishment are men whose lives are bad or whose hearts are impure and who hate the Bible because of the idea of future punishment, for the same reason that criminals hate the penitentiary. Oh, I have heard this brave talk about people fearing nothing of the consequences of sin in the next world, and I have made up my mind it is merely a coward's whistling to keep his courage up. I have seen men flaunt their immoralities in the face of the community, and I have heard them defy the judgment day and scoff at the idea of any further consequence of their sin, but when they came to die they shrieked until you could hear them for nearly two blocks, and in the summer night the neighbors got up to put the windows down, because they could not endure the horror.

The mightiest restraints to-day against theft, against immorality, against libertinism, against crime of all sorts—the mightiest restraints are the retributions of eternity. Men know that they can escape the law, but down in the offenders' soul there is the realization of the fact that they cannot escape God. He stands at the end of the road of profligacy, and He will not clear the guilty. Take all idea of retribution and punishment out of the hearts and minds of men, and it would not be long before our cities would become Sodoms. The only restraints against the evil passions of the world to-day are Bible restraints.

Suppose now these generals of atheism and infidelity got the victory and suppose they marshaled a great army made up of the majority of the world. They are in companies, in regiments, in brigades—the whole army. Forward, march! ye hosts of infidels and atheists, banners flying before, banners flying behind, banners inscribed with the words: "No God! No Christ! No Punishment! No Restraints! Down With the Bible! Do as You Please!" The sun turned into darkness!

Forward, march! ye great army of infidels and atheists. And first of all you will attack the churches. Away with those houses of worship! They have been standing there so long deluding the people with consolation in their bereavements and sorrows. All those churches ought to be extirpated; they have done so much to relieve the lost and bring home the wandering, and they have so long held up the idea of eternal rest after the paroxysm of this life is over. Turn the St. Peters and St. Pauls and the temples and tabernacles into clubhouses. Away with those churches!

But on, ye great army of infidels and atheists, on! They will attempt to scale heaven. There are heights to be taken. Pile hill on hill, and Pelion upon Ossa, and then they hoist the ladders against the walls of heaven. On and on until they blow up the foundations of jasper and the gates of pearl. They charge up the steep. Now they aim for the throne of Him who liveth forever and ever. They would take down from Their high place the Father, the Son, and the Holy Ghost. "Down with Them!" they say. "Down with Them from the throne!" they say. "Down forever! Down out of sight! He is not God. He has no right to sit there. Down with Him! Down with Christ!"

A world without a head, a universe without a king. Orphan constellations. Fatherless galaxies. Anarchy supreme. A dethroned Jehovah. An assassinated God. Patricide, regicide, deicide. That is what they mean. That is what they will have, if they can. I say, if they can. Civilization hurled back into semibarbarism, and semibarbarism driven back into Hottentot savagery. The wheel of progress turned the other way and turned toward the dark ages. The clock of the centuries put back 2000 years. Go back, you Sandwich Islands, from your schools, and from your colleges, and from your reformed condition, to what you were in 1820, when the missionaries first came. Call home the 500 missionaries from India and overthrow their 2000 schools, where they are trying to educate the heathen, and scatter the 140,000 little children that they have gathered out of barbarism into civilization. Obliterate all the work of Dr. Duff in India, of David Abeel in China, of Dr. King in Greece, of Judson in Burma, of David Brainerd amid the American aborigines, and send home the 3000 missionaries of the cross who are toiling in foreign lands, toiling for Christ's sake, toiling themselves into the grave. Tell these 3000 men of God that they are of no use. Send home the medical missionaries who are doctoring the bodies as well as the souls of the dying nations. Go home, London Missionary society! Go home, American board of foreign missions! Go home, ye Moravians, and relinquish back into darkness and squalor and death the nations whom ye have begun to lift.

From such a chasm of individual, national, worldwide ruin, stand back. Oh, young men, stand back from that chasm! You see the practical drift of my sermon. I want you to know where that road leads. Stand back from that chasm of ruin. The time is going to come (you and I may not live to see it, but it will come, just as certainly as there is a God, it will come) when the infidels and the atheists who openly and out and out and aboveboard preach and practice infidelity and atheism, will be considered as criminals against society, as they are now criminals against God. Society will push out the leper, and the wretch with soul gangrened and ichorous and vermin covered and rotting apart with his bestiality will be left to die in the ditch and be denied decent burial, and men will come with spades and cover up the carcass where it falls, that it poison not the air, and the only text in all the Bible appropriate for the funeral sermon will be Jeremiah xxii., 19, "He shall be buried with the burial of an ass."

At the beginning God said, "Let there be light," and light was, and light is, and light shall be. So Christianity is rolling on, and it is going to warm all nations, and all nations are to bask in its light. Men may shut the window blinds so they cannot see it, or they may smoke the pipe of speculation until they are shadowed under their own vaporing, but the Lord God is a sun! This white light of the gospel made up of all the beautiful colors of earth and heaven—violet plucked from amid the spring grass, and the indigo of the southern jungles, and the blue of the skies, and the green of the foliage, and the yellow of the autumnal woods, and the orange of the southern groves, and the red of the sunsets. All the beauties of earth and heaven brought out by this spiritual spectrum. Great Britain is going to take all Europe for God. The United States are going to take America for God. Both of them together will take all Asia for God. All three of them will take Africa for God. "Who art thou, O great mountain? Before Zerrubbabel thou shalt become a plain." "The mouth of the Lord hath spoken it." Hallelujah, amen!

The Free Churches in England.

The dissenting free churches have a larger membership and a stronger power in the United Kingdom that has the established church.

THE SABBATH SCHOOL.

INTERNATIONAL LESSON COMMENTS FOR MAY 21.

Subject: "Christ Before the High Priest," John xviii., 15-27—Golden Text: John i., 11 — Commentary on the Day's Lesson.

15. "Peter followed Jesus." He followed afar off (Matt. 26: 58), and was, therefore, in far more danger of denying his Lord than he would have been if he had been more courageous and kept closer to Him. "Another disciple." John, who went with the crowd through the gate, for he "was known unto the high priest," and, therefore, probably was acquainted with the palace and knew the servants. "The palace." The court of the palace.

16. "But Peter stood (was standing) at the door." The wicket gate, having in some way been shut. Having once struck the high priest's servant, he must have felt it dangerous to keep too close to the retinue, who went in by the main entrance. "The other disciple....brought in Peter." He helped his intimate friend, leading him, indeed, into temptation—unconsciously, for he himself seems to have suffered no temptation from the servants—but also leading him near to Christ, who could save him in temptation. And, doubtless, Peter would have been tempted in some equally trying way if he had remained without, and he would have been beyond the reach of the eye of the Saviour who brought him to repentance.

17. "Art not thou also one of this man's disciples?" The R. V. leaves out the not. Peter may have been seen before by this maid; he was unfamiliar with the place, and had the shyness of a plain man inside of a great house, and besides was conscious of his danger of being recognized, for his marked features must have been clearly seen in his attack upon Malchus. "He saith, I am not." This was both falsehood and treason to his Master and the new kingdom. John had left him, no doubt, hurrying away across the court into the hall where Jesus was, to witness the proceedings, so that Peter did not have the assistance of his presence. He could not have denied Christ with John by his side. Then he had gone among the persons gathered around the open brazier of charcoal (v. 18), "for it was cold," and here he was standing among them, "and warmed himself." It is more than probable that the air was ringing with jest and laughter about Jesus, but Peter did not interrupt; he kept silence and tried to look as like one of the scorners as he could. It is always dangerous when a follower of Christ is sitting among Christ's enemies without letting it be known what he is.

18. "The high priest," Annas. Jesus was led first to Annas because he was still the legitimate high priest. Annas appears to have possessed vast influence, in so much that five of his sons became high priests, and his son-in-law, Caiaphas, was now the acting high priest appointed by the Romans. "The high priest then asked Jesus of His disciples, and of His doctrine." His teaching. This inquiry probably had two objects; one was to entrap Jesus into saying something which could be twisted into a charge of blasphemy; the other was that it allowed time for the Sanhedrim to be summoned.

20. "Jesus answered him, I spake openly," etc. There was nothing in His teaching to be concealed. The high priest could find out all about Him if he wished. They seek to wring from Christ evidence upon which to convict Him. It was contrary to the law and the spirit of justice.

21. "Why askest thou Me?" Jesus refused to be a party to this injustice. Let them find the witnesses, for there were plenty of them. This would have put an end to this unjust and illegal condemnation and brought out the truth, which the rulers did not want. The cunning of the high priest was foiled.

22. "One of the officers....struck Jesus with the palm of his hand." R. V., with his hand: but whether a slap on the face, a box on the ear, or a stroke with a rod, cannot be determined. In either case it was an insult and outrage.

23. "If I have spoken evil." In manner or matter, in the remark just made. Jesus here gives an interpretation of His own precept in Matt. 5: 39. Jesus had simply claimed the common rights of all men. "But if well, why smittest thou Me?" The primary sense of the word translated smite is, to skin, to flay. It is perhaps safe to infer from the Saviour's use of this word that the officer's blow was a severe one.

24. "Now Annas had sent Him, etc." The R. V. is here probably correct; Annas, therefore, sent Him bound on Caiaphas. Thus far the investigation had been unofficial, or private, and the result of it was scarcely favorable to the design of the accusers. Meantime, the prisoner had been relieved of His letters. Caiaphas, as the real high priest, was president of the Sanhedrim, who had had time to assemble. But the trial was irregular because it was against their law to try any one by night. The charge was blasphemy, the penalty for which was death, according to Jewish law. Having formulated their charge, they must adjourn till dawn to bring the case before the Sanhedrim at a regular meeting, at their own hall of meeting. When the preliminary examination was through, and the informal meeting had adjourned, there was a period of waiting for at least two hours before the formal meeing of the Sanhedrim could take place. During this interval Jesus was insulted, and struck, and shamefully treated by the crowd.

25. "Simon Peter stood," or was standing and warming himself, as we saw above. To understand this scene we must put all the narratives together, remembering that probably Peter was beset and worried by a crowd of menials. "He denied." Here again was a simple denial with more positiveness.

26. "One of the servants." About an hour later (Luke 22: 59). "Being his kinsman whose ear Peter cut off." This statement gives one reason why Peter now denied with so much greater vehemence.

27. "Peter then denied again." So John, his friend, simply records; but Mark, whose Gospel is supposed to have been derived from Peter, says that he began to curse and to swear. "And immediately the cock crew." Or better, as the Greek has no article, "a cock crew." This was the sign which Jesus had given to Peter (John 13: 38), the second cock crowing called usually the cock crowing. Then it was that the Lord turned and looked on Peter (Luke 22: 61). It was enough. Like an arrow through his inmost soul shot the mute anguish of that reproachful glance. Then Peter saw himself as he was. He looked into the abyss into which he had almost fallen, and recovered himself. He went out and wept bitterly (Luke 22: 62). Flinging the fold of his mantle over his head, he, too, like Judas, rushed forth into the night. How Christ restored Peter is recorded in the last chapter of John.

Underground Electric Railway for London.

A company has been formed in London to build an underground electric railway. The distance will be four miles.

REGENERATION OF CUBA

The Wonderful Work Which is Being Done in the Island.

HIGH PRAISE FROM A CUBAN.

La Patria Contrasts the Spanish and American Ways of Doing Things, and Says Our Work is Wonderful—Phenomena Developed Day by Day—How the Island's Condition is Being Bettered

HAVANA, Cuba (By Cable).—La Patria, one of the best-edited papers in Havana, has come out with an editorial strongly indorsing the American administration. Its utterances are regarded as representing the best thought of the thinking element of the community.

La Patria contrasts the American method with that of the "obstinate Spanish" in dealing with even the simplest reforms. On this point it says:

"Formerly there was agitation among the people; oceans of ink and tons of paper were used, floods of oratory were poured and then everything ended at Madrid in the froth of Spanish promises. On the other hand, in these days of fruitful though silent work, we learn of the most radical reforms when they are published in the Official Gazette, without being preceded by a magnificent conglomeration of oratory and colored fire. An order of six lines, with a very short preamble, will represent some bold and beneficent measure. One might say that for us a thin sheet of paper separates the mediæval world from the nineteenth century, and oftentimes the writing is not indispensable to enable us to pass from darkness to light."

Senor Perfecto Lacoste, Mayor of Havana, with the approval of Major-General Ludlow, has issued a decree prohibiting the wearing of undershirts exposed—that is, uncovered by outer shirts or coats—in public places, doorways, windows or balconies, under penalty of imprisonment at hard labor in the discretion of the Court. It is a revival of a municipal ordinance of 1894, which has not been enforced. Another decree has been issued prohibiting smoking in streetcars and omnibuses.

The United States transport Burnside (formerly the Spanish steamer Rita) in distributing the $3,000,000 allotted by the United States Government for the payment of the Cuban troops will circumnavigate the island, the paymasters, under escort, going into the interior from the various ports where she touches.

Casa Blanca, the fishing village across the harbor, which was formerly a breeding place of disease, has been disinfected and whitewashed, and the Chinese have been removed from the village. Surgeon-Major John G. Davis reports that the place is now free from infection.

The secret police have discovered a criminal association, the object of which was to kidnap girls about twelve years old and send them to Mexico. Several girls were rescued and the kidnappers arrested.

An asylum for the orphans of reconcentrados has been established at Matanzas under the protection and at the instigation of General Wilson, the military commander of that province. It will shelter all the destitute children in Matanzas. General Wilson is highly praised for his action in this matter.

The Cienfuegos papers praise the work there of the American authorities, saying that the streets are kept clean, the poor are protected and shipping and general trade are the best in many years.

PHILADELPHIA'S BAD WATER.

Commission of Experts to Report on the Best Way of Improving It.

PHILADELPHIA (Special).—Since January 1 this city has had an epidemic of typhoid fever. Since that date there have been nearly 6000 cases of the disease and about 1000 deaths. The epidemic is said to be due to the polluted water of the Schuylkill River, from which the city obtains its supply. The Councils have passed a bill authorizing the appointment of three expert engineers to investigate and report as to the best method of improving the quality of the water, and in accordance with the provisions of the measure, Mayor Ashbridge appointed Rudolph Hering, of New York; Samuel Gray, of Providence, R. I., and Joseph M. Wilson, of this city, to make the expert investigation and report. They are required to make a preliminary report in not more than sixty days and a final report in not more than three months. An appropriation of $25,000 was made to pay for their expenses and compensation.

AMERICAN STATUES IN FRANCE.

Monuments to Washington, Lafayette and Rochambeau Are Planned.

WASHINGTON, D. C. (Special).—The good feeling in this country toward France is shown in three distinct projects for erecting statues in France during the Paris Exposition. The latest of there is to erect a statue of Rochambeau in the French village of his birth. The plan has originated in Philadelphia, where $1000 will be contributed; another $1000 will be raised in the country at large, and another $1000 in France. Secretary Hay views the project with much favor.

Another statue project is in charge of prominent women, representing the women of America, who propose to erect an equestrian statue of Washington in one of the public reservations of Paris. Mrs. Justice Field is at the head of the committee and $15,000 is in hand. The French Ambassador has notified the Paris authorities and has suggested to the Prefect of the Seine and the President of the municipality that a suitable public reservation be set aside for the scheme.

A statue of Lafayette also is to be erected at Paris through the efforts of United States Commissioner Peck.

WIND WRAPS STEEPLE IN WIRE.

Quarter of a Mile of Kansas Fence Blown Three Miles.

TOPEKA, Kan. (Special). — Tornadoes swept Coldwater, Lexington and Ashland a few days ago. In Coldwater a dozen houses were wrecked. Joseph Bowers, a cattleman, was killed and half a dozen people injured.

A terrific windstorm in Ellis County picked up a stretch of wire fence a quarter of a mile long, carried it three miles, and wrapped it securely around the steeple of the Mungor Catholic Church.

THE NEWS EPITOMIZED.

Washington Items.

Warrants have been issued by the Secretary of the Treasury reimbursing several states for expenses incurred in raising troops for the Spanish war. The warrants are as follows: Iowa, $91,483; New Hampshire, $28,358; Florida, $5538.

The body of Colonel H. C. Egbert, which arrived here from Manila, was interred at Arlington Cemetery with full military honors. All the available troops in the vicinity of Washington were ordered out by the War Department, and many distinguished army officers were in attendance upon the funeral exercises.

The contract for distributing Government seeds this year has been let by the Agricultural Department to Charles Parker, of Santa Clara, Cal., for $64,900. All the seeds must be delivered here by December 1, and the distribution begins next January.

Lieutenant-Commander Gottlieb Blocklinger has been detached from the command of the cruiser Charleston and ordered to proceed home to be placed on waiting orders. He will be succeeded by Commander Pigman, now at Norfolk.

Postmaster-General Charles Emory Smith has been notified by the Director of Posts in Cuba that the city Postoffice in Havana, which has been located for about 150 years in the same building, was finally moved to new quarters at the foot of O'Reilly street.

By direction of the President the fortifications of Tybee Island, Georgia, and the military reservation at that point will hereafter be known as Fort Screven in honor of James Screven, Colonel and Brigadier-General of Georgia militia during the war of the Revolution, who was killed in action at Medway Church, November 24, 1778.

Domestic.

C. E. Littlefield, of Rockland, Me., was nominated by acclamation by the Republicans of the Second Maine district as the candidate for Congress to succeed the late Nelson Dingley. Mr. Littlefield accepted in a speech eulogizing Mr. Dingley and approving the course of the national Administration.

Celeste McKenney, fifty-eight years of age, the wife of Harrison C. McKenney, a lawyer, committed suicide at her home in Providence, R. I. She got into a bathtub full of water, and while drowning shot herself behind the right ear.

As a result of swollen streams in the mountain roads fifty miles north of San Antonio, Texas, a stage coach containing Mrs. Emma Lawrence and five passengers was overturned. Mrs. Lawrence and two other passengers were drowned. The accident occurred in a ravine eight miles from Comfort, Texas.

Frank W. McCarthy, one of the most prominent colored citizens in Southwest Georgia, died at his home in Albany, Ga., a few days ago. His funeral was attended by an immense concourse of both whites and blacks. For the first time in the history of Albany, a town of 8000 inhabitants, every store and office was closed in honor of a negro, no business being transacted while the funeral was in progress.

In a little cottage over 100 years old, in Union, N. J., a few days ago Mr. and Mrs. William H. Johnson, aged respectively ninety-five and eighty-five years, celebrated the seventieth anniversary of their marriage. Grand and great-grandchildren gathered at the house and aided in the celebration. A daughter by Mr. Johnson's first wife, seventy-three years of age, was present.

Governor Sayers, of Texas, has signed the bill granting a new city charter for Dallas. It will not be in force until ninety days after the adjournment of the Legislature, which will be about June 1. The new charter gives the city rigid control of the corporations enjoying municipal franchise privileges.

Mrs. Jack Haley's home at Bowling Green, Ky., was burned to the ground a few days ago by a gang of men unmasked. They told Mrs. Haley that if any of them was unknown to her they would give his name. In all there were about twenty-five in the crowd. The house belonged to Mrs. Ben Runner, and the men had her permission to burn the house.

In the breach of promise suit of Miss Ross Crane against P. J. Riley, a junk dealer, at Lowell, Mass., the jury gave to the plaintiff a verdict of $8000. The plaintiff sued for $25,000.

John T. Hendrin, who was arrested on the charge of solicitation to commit bribery while acting as a juror in Philadelphia, was sentenced to two years' imprisonment by Judge Audenried. Hendrin went to the defendant in the case in which he had been sworn as a juror and offered a favorable verdict for a money consideration.

Deputy Sheriff Frank Morrison was shot dead by "Ike" Bird at Mount Victory, Ohio, whom he was trying to arrest. After the murder Bird sent a bullet through his own heart, expiring instantly.

Superintendent J. J. Stranahan, of the Government Fish Hatchery at Put-in-Bay, has forwarded a report to Toledo, Ohio, of a tidal wave which took place there. The water rose fully twenty inches, and after it receded fishing boats were left high and dry on the beach.

There was a run on the Chelsea Savings Bank, at Boston, a few days ago. A case of mistaken identity, cause by the fact that the name of the President of the bank was similar to that of a merchant who failed, brought it about. The bank will refuse to accept some of the deposits withdrawn.

Hugh Cavanagh, twenty-one years old, was killed almost instantly by a pitched ball during a game of baseball at Montclair, N. J. Cavanagh was a lather, and lived with his parents. Smeldt was arrested, but later he was released.

An explosion occurred in the nitroglycerine house of the California Powder Works at Pinole, Cal., and two men were blown to pieces, Arthur Graves and L. G. Wilkins. Graves was a young Englisman whose parents are prominent in Bedford, England. Wilkins was from Council Bluffs. The cause of the explosion is a mystery.

Jeremiah Kelleher, of Syracuse, N. Y., was found in a woods near Knox, Ind. He had divested himself of his clothing and was demented. The police believe that he was robbed and thrown from a train, his condition being the result of foul play.

Foreign.

The heads of the religious orders of the Philippines, according to a dispatch from Rome to the London Daily Mail, have presented a petition to the Pope, in which they protest against the "American atrocities."

The Queen Regent of Spain has conferred the Grand Cross of Military Merit on the Austrian Minister of War, Edler von Kreighammer, and the German Minister of the Navy, Vice-Admiral Tirpitz. It is generally supposed that the decorations have been bestowed in recognition of the friendly attitude of Austria and Germany toward Spain during the recent war with the United States.

THE PURE FOOD INQUIRY.

Startling Testimony Heard by the Senatorial Committee in Chicago.

How Many of Our Food Products Are Adulterated by the Use of Chemicals and in Other Ways.

CHICAGO, Ill. (Special)—.The Senatorial Pure Food Investigating Committee has heard some startling testimony in regard to the adulteration of food products which may prolong its session considerably. Professor A. S. Mitchell, chief chemist of the Wisconsin Dairy and Food Commission, made the sworn statement that nearly every butcher in Illinois used preserving liquids on scraps of meat which they laid aside for the manufacture of hamburger steaks and other alleged delicacies.

The chemist first told of his test of a liquid known as "freezine." Professor Mitchell said that the stuff had been used extensively by farmers to keep milk and butter, it being the custom to mix it with the former in small quantities and pour quarts of it into vats for the preservation of butter.

"This 'freezine' I have found to be nothing less than almost pure formic aldehyde," narrated the expert. "This is a chemical that acts disastrously upon the tissue of the stomach, and I can only surmise the results when milk diluted with it is used constantly by a family. Where butter is placed in vats filled with this stuff the porous commodity takes up no small amount of the liquid with a result that can only be conjectured."

The professor proceeded to tell of his experiments with a fluid sold extensively to butchers for the purpose of making their hamburger steaks last and keep up a healthy appearance.

"This liquid contains in great percentage what is known as sulphide of soda, with a complement of coloring matter," he continued. "It is styled an antiseptic, and in certain respects is. It must be borne in mind, however, that where fermentation and waste are arrested the digestive properties are consequently destroyed."

Dr. Wiley, the Government expert who examined the antiseptic without going on the stand, said he identified it as practically the same chemical which was used during his experience at a medical college to preserve cadavers, and was now occasionally put to service in disinfecting houses where smallpox patients resided.

The common basis for the majority of jellies manufactured nowadays, according to several witnesses, are the cores and parings of apples, utilized after they have been evaporated. This substance, it was claimed, is mixed with glucose in large quantities, with sugar in small quantities, and then colored and flavored to suit the outside design on the package.

Fear of social degradation, according to William Broadwell, keeps many a millionaire of Chicago from acknowledging the fact that he uses oleomargarine in place of pure butter. Not only do the very best people of this city buy this cheaper grade of "butter," he said, and would take nothing else in place of it, but they are the ones who are the first to whisper to the dealer for a reduction in the price.

Mr. Broadwell was called before the committee with several others to explain why the internal revenue law regulating the stamping of all packages of oleomargarine were not enforced.

A. Heller, of Chicago, a manufacturer of "Freezine" and "Rosaline," preservatives used by buttermakers, declared that those articles were not injurious to health and gave the formula of making them secretly, as he did not wish the secrets of the trade made public by the newspapers. Several witnesses testified that many frauds were practised by dealers in "butterine," who sold the article as genuine butter.

NO AGREEMENT WITH CANADA.

All Hope That the Joint High Commission Will Meet Again Abandoned.

WASHINGTON, D. C. (Special).—All hope of reconvening the Joint High Anglo-American Commission in August has been abandoned. After having made good headway at the meeting in Washington, as was thought at the time, toward drafting an agreement, an unexpected and unsurmountable obstacle in the shape of the lumber and boundary question was encountered, and the Commission adjourned to meet at Quebec in August, with the understanding that in the mean time the Governments of the two countries would test public sentiment. It was also hoped that some of the difficulties in the way might be removed by diplomatic negotiations. It has been demonstrated, however, that the temper of neither side has yielded sufficiently to warrant the expectation of any successful result attending another meeting of the Commission.

It is said that officials here are thoroughly discouraged at the time-consuming manner in which various propositions which have been put forward are bandied back and forth between London and Ottawa.

YOUNG WOMAN'S FINANCIERING.

Dorchester Girl Does a Large Check Business on $40 Deposit.

BOSTON (Special).—Carrie M. Anderson, of Dorchester, was arrested in one of the large department stores here charged with passing worthless checks. Her method was peculiar. After opening an account with a trust company, with a deposit of $40, she drew checks against it, and in eleven days did a business of more than $800. She drew many checks and made many deposits. The trust company officials closed the account in eleven days.

The young woman claimed that she did not intend to defraud any one, but only took this means of borrowing money, turning it over and over and keeping one day ahead of the checks.

Miss Anderson is about twenty-five years of age.

MOUNT MORRISON SCALED.

Stoepel, the Explorer, Ascends the Highest Mountain in Formosa.

SEATTLE, Wash. (Special).—The ascent of Mount Morrison, the highest mountain of Formosa, has just been completed by Stoepel, the explorer of several Mexican and Hawaiian mountains, according to mail advices from Tokio. The ascent was not without danger, owing to the feverish climate and objections of the tribes.

The climb itself was attended with several narrow escapes, and would be impossible for any but the most experienced climbers. The ascent was attempted from several different directions before a practical route was found. Stoepel found the natives very fierce. They were skull hunters but not cannibals.

THE NATIONAL GAME.

Rusie and Seymour are badly needed by the New York team.

St. Louis is reported as making a specialty of sacrifice hits.

In Willis and Clark Boston has the tallest battery in the league.

A leading feature of the League race so far is the remarkable all-around work of the Chicagoes.

Senator Mark Hanna is a genuine baseball fan, and takes considerable interest in the Cleveland players.

President Soden, of Boston, is wailing for A. G. Spalding's return to active participation in League affairs.

The Chicago Club's diamond has been so improved that it can be played on any time when rain is not falling.

The rule requiring the players of a team to wear exactly the same uniform is being strictly enforced br the umpires, even down to the matter of caps.

It is a pretty sure thing that the six clubs to finish in the first division this year are Philadelphia, Boston, St. Louis, Chicago, Brooklyn and Cincinnati.

This is the twenty-eighth season of organized professional baseball. The first organization was the old Professional Association, which started the ball rolling in 1871.

How times have changed. There is not to-day in the National League a player who cannot write his name, wherers years ago X signatures to contracts were plentiful.

Rumor has it now that Griffin, who captained the Brooklyns last season, will retire from the diamond. He has refused to sign with Cleveland, and says he will not play with St. Louis.

In view of the new balk rule, it looks as if pitchers would be better off if they paid no attention whatever to base runners. The rule sounded well on paper, but in practice it bids fair to become a nuisance.

"There isn't a great deal of difference in the curves and speed of League pitchers," says Robinson, of the Baltimores. "It's the knack of putting a ball where the batsman is looking for it that makes a pitcher successful."

Pitcher Seymour, of the New York Club, says that he will not play ball in the National League this season. He has received an offer of $400 a month from one of the summer resort teams, which is backed by a number of rich New Yorkers.

CYCLING NOTES.

St. Louis bicyclists have to pay a tax of $1 on their wheels.

Export of American bicycles, thus far in 1899, is less than either of the two past years.

Cheap wheels are still sold, but not in the number that they were disposed of last year and the year before.

The 1899 models of nearly all makes of wheels are from three to five pounds heavier than those of previous years.

The consensus of opinion in the trade points to an excellent season for the business end of cycling as well as for racing.

It is noticeable that almost every rider has toe-clips, and the habit of using these important little footholders will soon be universal.

Commissioner F. W. Peck, our commissioner to the Paris Exhibition, has secured an additional 8000 feet to be devoted to the display of American bicycles.

Motor cycles with quick-firing guns attached and accompanied by a gun detachment of military bicyclists have been introduced by the English militia and have been successfully tested in mimic warfare.

According to an expert the man or woman who is just starting to learn to ride won't find any difficulty with the "free" wheel. It is the old rider who has to unlearn his back-pedaling who finds it hard to accommodate himself to the new system.

It is positively announced that the bicycle road race over the Irvington-Milburn course will be run on Decoration Day. A valuable prize has been secured for the event, and the hotels along the route have contributed toward the expenses of the affair.

The solitary tourist awheel has become a not unfamiliar figure upon the landscape. He likes to ride alone for various reasons, and sometimes purely because of his love of solitude amidst environments that preclude any probability of loneliness.

The city of Chicago is this year doing considerable for bicyclists. No less than six cycle paths leading out of the city in different directions are to be constructed, forming trunk lines into the neighboring territory. Shorter paths connecting the ends of good streets where the intervening distance is poorly improved, are also to be made.

LABOR WORLD.

Detroit has a Telephone Girls' Union which has seventy members.

Clerks in the stores of Vienna, Austria, are agitating for a Sunday holiday.

The Scotch ironmasters have advanced the wages of their employes fifteen per cent.

The United Hatters of America have unionized more than twenty factories during the past eighteen months.

The railway brotherhood magazines are printing articles showing that blacklisting is still resorted to by railroad corporations.

The cotton weavers in the northern counties of England have accepted the offer of the masters of an advance in wages of 2½ per cent.

The Western Federation of Miners has a proposition under consideration to erect a home for aged and disabled miners, similar to the one conducted by the printers.

The United Association of Plumbers, Gas Fitters, Steam Fitters and Steam Fitters' Helpers of America will hold its eleventh annual convention in Chicago June 1.

The wives, sisters and sweethearts of Scranton (Penn.) unionists have formed an association to co-operate with the different unions in a crusade against nonunions and unfair stores of the city.

Organized labor prevails in Scranton, Penn., ninety-five per cent. of its skilled mechanics being banded together in labor unions. This city ranks third in the United States for organized workmen.

The Iowa Board of Control of State Institutions has decided to establish a factory in one of the penitentiaries for making binding twine. The Board claims it will produce a large part of the twine used in Iowa, and reduce the price from twenty-five to thirty-three per cent.

A law passed by the Nebraska Legislature prohibits a railroad company from requiring a conductor, engineer, fireman, brakeman, telegraph operator or other trainman who has worked ten consecutive hours, except in cases of casualties, to again go on duty until he has had at least eight hours' rest.

THE MARKETS.

Late Wholesale Prices of Country Produce Quoted in New York.

20 BUTTER.			
Creamery—West. extras...$	—	@$	17
Firsts	16	@	16½
Thirds to seconds	14	@	15½
State—Thirds to firsts	14	@	16
State Dairy tubs, extras	—	@	16
Imitation Creamery	12½	@	14
Factory, fresh firsts	12¾	@	13
Low grades	11½	@	12½
CHEESE.			
State—Full cream, fancy	9½	@	9¾
Small	9	@	9½
Part skims, good to prime	6¼	@	6½
Full skims	3	@	4
EGGS.			
Nearby—Fancy	—	@	14¼
State and Penn—Fresh	—	@	14
Western—Choice	13	@	14
Southern—Choice	12	@	12½
Duck eggs, ₱ doz	14	@	17
Goose eggs, ₱ doz	18	@	22
BEANS AND PEAS.			
Beans—Marrow, choice, 1898	—	@	1 52½
Medium, 1898	—	@	1 37½
Pea, choice, 1898	—	@	1 35
Red kidney, choice, 1898	1 72½	@	1 75
White kidney, choice, 1898	1 80	@	1 85
Yellow eye	1 37½	@	1 40
Lima, Cal., ₱ 60 lbs	—	@	2 55
Green peas, bags	97½	@	1 00
FRUITS AND BERRIES—FRESH.			
Apples, Russet, ₱ bbl	3 50	@	4 00
Baldwin, ₱ bbl	4 00	@	5 00
Strawberries, Southern, ₱ qt.	8	@	20
Blackberries, Southern, ₱ qt.	15	@	20
HOPS.			
State—1898, choice, ₱ lb	—	@	—
Fair to prime	13	@	15
Pacific Coast, 1898, choice	16½	@	17
Common to prime	12	@	16
Old odds	2	@	7
LIVE POULTRY.			
Fowls, ₱ lb	—	@	12½
Spring chickens, ₱ lb	24	@	28
Roosters, ₱ lb	8	@	11½
Turkeys, ₱ lb	9	@	10
Ducks, ₱ pair	50	@	80
Geese, ₱ pair	75	@	1 25
Pigeons, ₱ pair	30	@	35
DRESSED POULTRY.			
Turkeys, ₱ lb	10	@	12½
Chickens, Phila	13	@	20
Fowls, State & Penn., ₱ lb	—	@	12
Ducks, L. I. spring, ₱ lb	—	@	20
Geese, Western, ₱ lb	—	@	—
Squabs, ₱ doz	1 25	@	2 75
HAY AND STRAW.			
Hay—Prime, ₱ 100 lb	82½	@	85
Clover mixed	45	@	52½
Clover	40	@	45
Straw—Long rye	37½	@	42½
VEGETABLES.			
Potatoes, Hebron, ₱ bbl	2 00	@	2 25
State, ₱ bbl	1 50	@	2 00
Sweet, ₱ bbl	1 00	@	2 50
Cabbages, N. C., ₱ crate	1 50	@	2 75
Onions, domestic, ₱ bbl	1 00	@	3 00
Egg plant, ₱ box	1 00	@	2 00
Tomatoes, ₱ carrier	50	@	4 00
Squash, Fla., ₱ carrier	25	@	75
Turnips, Russia, ₱ bbl	—	@	75
Green peas, N. C., ₱ crate	1 00	@	2 00
Cauliflower, ₱ basket	1 50	@	3 00
String beans, ₱ crate	75	@	1 25
Lettuce, L. I., ₱ bbl	1 00	@	2 00
Celery, ₱ doz	15	@	75
Spinach, ₱ bbl	50	@	75
Beets, ₱ 100 bunches	4 00	@	8 00
Kale, ₱ bbl	—	@	50
Carrots, ₱ bbl	1 00	@	2 50
Radishes, ₱ basket	30	@	65
Rhubarb, ₱ 100 bunches	1 00	@	1 50
Cucumbers, Fla., ₱ basket	1 50	@	2 50
Asparagus, ₱ doz. bunches	50	@	2 25
GRAIN, ETC.			
Flour—Winter Patents	3 75	@	4 10
Spring Patents	3 85	@	4 10
Wheat—No. 1 N. Duluth	—	@	81¼
No. 2 Red	—	@	79⅞
Corn—No. 2	40⅛	@	40⅜
Oats—No. 2 White	—	@	35½
Track mixed	31	@	33
Rye—Western	—	@	68½
State	—	@	63
Lard—City steam	4.90c	@	5.00c
LIVE STOCK.			
Beeves, city dressed	7⅛	@	8½
Calves, city dressed	7½	@	10
Country dressed	6	@	9
Sheep, ₱ 100 lb	4 50	@	5 00
Lambs, ₱ 100 lb	3 00	@	7 25
Hogs—Live, ₱ 100 lb	—	@	4 35
Country dressed	4	@	6½

TO CHANGE THE CROPS.

Seed That Will Grow in Arid Regions Distributed Free.

SIOUX CITY, Iowa (Special).—After a year in Central Asia, Professor N. E. Hansen, of the Horticultural Department of the South Dakota Agricultural College at Brookings, is distributing seeds gathered in the Orient to farmers of the semi-arid regions of the Northwest.

Professor Hansen's mission was undertaken at the request of Secretary Wilson, of the United States Department of Agriculture. Climatic conditions in the country visited by him are similar to those throughout a large portion of the Dakotas, Montana, Wyoming and even Northern Nebraska and Colorado. Though not entirely without rainfall, the average annual precipitation is deficient, and the crop failures all over the section are more frequent than the years of plenty.

Secretary Wilson inclined to the opinion that this condition was due to the cultivation of the wrong crops, and chose Professor Hansen as one of the best informed men in the country on the subject to investigate the vegetation on the Russian and Siberian steppes, where agriculture seems to have been more successfully carried on than in the northwestern portion of the United States.

The professor's investigations have tended strongly to bear out Secretary Wilson's contentions. Amongst the most valuable seed secured were several varieties of Russian Brome grass.

PLENTY OF WORK IN ILLINOIS.

No One Need Seek Employment Long if He Really Needs It.

CHICAGO, Ill. (Special).—The Tribune, through its correspondents in various parts of Illinois, has received reports of the prevailing condition of the labor market. Except in one or two instances the demand exceeds the supply, the State capital being the only notable exception.

Other points report an unprecedented revival of manufacturing and general improvement. The general tone of all reports is that no man seeking work need look for it long if he is really in earnest.

Railroad extensions, local municipal improvements and farm work can more than occupy all the laborers in need of steady employment.

More Locomotives Ordered Here.

The Great Central Railway Company, of England, has placed an order for twenty freight engines with the Baldwin Locomotive Works, of Philadelphia.

The Mapleton Item

I. N. SWOPE, - - Editor & Proprietor.

THE ITEM" WILL BE PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY AT THE FOLOWING RATES IN ADVANCE:

ONE YEAR,.....$1.00
SIX MONTHS,.....50
THREE MONTHS,.....25

Entered at the Post Office at Mapleton Depot, Pa, as second-class matter.

CALVIN.

A. G. Wright has purchased a new organ.

Miss Sallie Steele has gone to Mount Union to attend school.

Henry Querry made a business trip to Mapleton last Friday.

D. K. Coder is sinking his well deeper in search of good water.

Miss Bertha Coder is in the county capital seeing the sights.

Mrs. B. F. Glasgow is visiting her daughter, Elva, at Newberg.

Miss Elda Coder has a class of 8 or 10 scholars in instrumental music.

Miss Jennie D. Wright spent last week visiting among friends in Huntingdon.

Wheat is growing finely; corn is nearly all planted; apples will be almost a failure.

Jacob Bumgardner and J. C. Kyle are on Broad Top mountain peeling bark for Wilson Bros.

H. L. Steel, Mrs. Charles Fritchey and Miss Fannie Oakman, of Huntingdon, were Sunday visitors hereaways.

Mrs. W. M. Roland, of Altoona, who had been spending a ten-days' visit to her many friends here, returned to her home last week.

Samuel G. Steel has brightened up his dwelling by having it repainted. He has also purchased a new Estey organ for his home.

Visitors during the week were Clell Baker and wife, of Newberg, George Mierley, of Alexandria, Mrs. W. A. Crotsley and daughter, Grace, of Huntingdon.

In our last items from this place we were asking the whereabouts of our supervisors. Now we are anxious to know if our constables ever see the public highways, as I believe the courts so wish to know.

Mrs. P. J. Wright has been appointed postmaster at this place, vice J. W. Hoover whose time had expired. Mrs. Wright is an ex-postmaster and we presume will render satisfactory service to the people from the start.

The Epworth League convention at Colfax on Saturday was well represented by delegates and others from all points on the Cassville charge. All in attendance were much pleased with the success of our young people. The music rendered by the local choir of Colfax was very good and leads us to more firmly believe that where there is a will there is also a way. We trust that the success of this the fifth convention of our Leagues may be far reaching and much good done in the cause of Christ. The Colfax people are to be commended for the manner in which they entertained the people.

COLE'S SUMMIT.

Beautiful moonlight nights.

People are busy planting corn yet.

Thomas Smith made a business trip to Mapleton on Friday.

There are good prospects for plenty of cherries and apples in this community.

Will Shaw passed through here on Saturday evening, en route to call on his best girl in the vicinity of Cassville.

M. V. Long took in the show at Huntingdon on the 13th inst. Think Martin has some attractions in our sister city.

Walter Jamison visited his Grandma Jamison in Saltillo on Monday last. Mrs. Jamison has been very ill for several weeks past.

M. J. Elias, our boss carpenter, expects to build two barns this summer, one for Frank Chilcote and the other for William Dunlap.

Rev. Fish held communion services at Cook's Mills school house last Sabbath morning and preached an excellent sermon at Cole's at three o'clock in the afternoon.

Recent visitors to Cole's were Miss Nellie Norris, of Maryland; Miss Nannie Smyers, L. Greenland and daughter, Ora, of Saltillo; D. Ashton, of Maddensville; Emory Smith and wife, of near Pittsburg, and William Hess, father of Agent H. F. Hess.

LATTA GROVE.

The stave mill is running twelve hours a day.

A. M. Dell, of Mapleton, was a Sunday visitor among friends in Smith valley.

Samuel Crotsley, who has been working on the street car line in Altoona, is spending a few days with his parents.

Mann Kapp, the boy who was working at the stave mill and went home sick, is back again and able to perform his duties.

T. J. Wright and wife, of Dudley, spent a couple days of the past week with friends in Smith valley. Mrs. Wright's condition appears somewhat improved.

Abram Wright has been seriously ill for several months with a complication of ailments resulting from la grippe. His condition does not improve as rapidly as his friends desire.

While Michael Stever was going to church last Sunday he found a large black snake stretched across the road in front of him. He took mister snake prisoner and laid him by the side of the road for safe keeping. He thinks the snake would measure six feet in length.

Last Saturday while some of our boys were leaving the valley on their wheels to attend the show in Huntingdon, near the Drake bridge one of the wheels broke down and the rider found himself about fifteen feet in front of the wheel with his face and arm badly bruised. Not being discouraged he went to the repair shop and soon repaired the wheel and again started on his way rejoicing.

Mierley—Stever.

One of the most pleasant occasions of the season in Trough Creek valley was the marriage last Wednesday evening of George Mierley and Miss Sadie I. Stever, which happy event was solemnized at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Luther Stever. The attendants were Robert Wilson and Miss Essie Roland. The wedding march was beautifully rendered by Miss Beckie Hamilton, of Cassville, and Rev. J. F. Glass, assisted by Rev. Bryner, spake the words which made the young couple partners for life. Fifty-six guests were present, some being from Mapleton, Cassville, Three Springs and Hustontown. After the ceremony a bountiful wedding supper was spread to which the guests did justice. The presents were numerous and costly. The young couple, who are among Trough Creek's best people, start life most auspiciously and the best wishes of a host of friends go with them. The ITEM extends congratulations and best wishes for a happy and prosperous voyage on the stream of life.

—It makes no difference how bad the wound if you use DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve; it will quickly heal and leave no scar. A. B. Gillam, J. O. Heaton.

—Some of the results of neglected dyspeptic conditions of the stomach are cancer, consumption, heart disease and epilepsy. Kodol Dyspepsia Cure prevents all this by effecting a quick cure in all cases of dyspepsia. A. B. Gillam, J. O. Heaton.

Tetter, Salt-Rheum and Eczema.

The intense itching and smarting incident to these diseases is instantly allayed by applying Chamberlain's Eye and Skin Ointment. Many very bad cases have been permanently cured by it. It is equally efficient for itching piles and a favorite remedy for sore nipples, chapped hands, chilblains, frost bites and chronic sore eyes. 25cts. per box. For sale by J. G. Gillam.

DR. CADY'S CONDITION POWDERS, are just what a horse needs when in bad condition. Tonic, blood purifier and vermifuge. They are not food but medicine and the best in use to put a horse in prime condition. Price 25 cents per package. For sale by J. G. Gillam.

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE

—AT—

PRIVATE SALE.

The undersigned, executor of the estate of the late W. H. Rex, deceased, offers at private sale the real estate of the late deceased. This property is all in the Borough of Mapleton, is free from incumbrance of any kind, is well located, and those desiring comfortable homes could make no better investment. It is more economical to buy a home than to pay rent.

No. 1. A lot of ground at junction of Chestnut and Main streets on which formerly stood the mansion house and store room of the late deceased. Well of good water, stone sufficient in walls for building several foundations, outbuildings, orchard and small fruits.

No. 2. House and lot on Main street known as the Brumbaugh property, adjoining No. 1. Lot in good state of cultivation.

No. 3. House and lot on Main street, known as the Kyler property, adjoining No. 2. Large kitchen.

No. 5 House and lot on Grant street. New house, excellent lot extending through to alley. A very desirable home.

No. 6. House and lot on Spring street. Lot extends through to Gayton street.

No. 7. Double House and lot. Lot faces on Grant, Church and Spring streets.

All these properties have good drainage, are convenient to church and schools, and excepting No. 1, are occupied by tenants, and all are among the most desirable properties in Mapleton.

TERMS:—25 per cent. cash and the balance in three equal annual payments.

For further particulars call on or address,

JERE B. REX, Executor,

Aug. 10 tf. Huntingdon Pa.

Not
A
New
Concern

exactly, but

A
New
Departure.

Having moved to the M. L. Rex store room, near the depot, I announce to the people of Mapleton and vicinity that I purpose carrying a complete stock of

General Merchandise,

embracing dry goods, notions, boots, shoes, groceries and everything usually kept in a first class country store.

The
Prices
Talk.

I am not doing business for fun and do not sell for less than cost. I want a living out of the business but I will be satisfied with a living profit.

I
Want
You

to examine my goods and learn my prices, and you will find that the price does the talking.

All kinds of marketable

COUNTRY PRODUCE

taken in exchange for goods.

Give me a call.

W. H. Spangler,

Mapleton Depot, - - Pa.

The Appearance Of A Robin

is no indication that Spring is here but according to the almanac Spring was due March 21st.

We have received a large quantity of goods for Spring trade but you know we always have a choice stock. Our supply of

Dress Goods

is attractive and we will take pleasure in showing you these goods. We have the nicest stock of Notions, etc., in town.

Pure groceries, clean and fresh, the best of syrups meats, fish, canned goods, etc

There is not a more complete stock of

General Merchandise

than we carry.

Produce taken in exchange for goods.

Your trade solicited.

A. B. Gillam.

HAZLETT'S CLOTHING.

The very acme of the tailoring art is represented in our Spring and Summer Suits for men and Boys. Every little detail that goes to make a well made, stylish, durable suit, will be found throughout the entire stock. All the latest novelties are here in immense variety.

Men's Suits,

Handsomely tailored, blue Serges, blue, black and fancy figured Worsteds, solid and mixed Cheviots and Cassimeres. All that an up-to-date stock includes—$5 $6, $7.50, $10.00.

Boys' Long Pants Suits,

13 to 19 years. Stylish blue Serges and modest Plaids and Mixtures and unfinished Cheviots—$5. $6. $7.50, $10.00.

Boys' Short Pants Suits,

8 to 16 years. Blue. black, brown and pretty mixed patterns —$1.25, $2.00, $2.75 to $5.00.

Pretty Little Vestee and Reefer Suits,

3 to 8 years. Beautifully trimmed with fancy braid, and having nice, large Sailor Collars. The kind that gives that little man the dressy city look, at $1.50, $2.00, $2.75 to $5.00.

Spring Hats.

Men's Stiff Hats in the full and modified Spring Blocks; both brown and black, $1.00, $1.50, $2.00, $3.00. Soft Hats in the fashionable creased tourist style, the flat-topped, half block and the various modified shapes, to suit the buyer's taste. Black, brown, light brown, drab, pearl and grey, 50c, $1, $2, $3.

Cool Negligee Shirts,

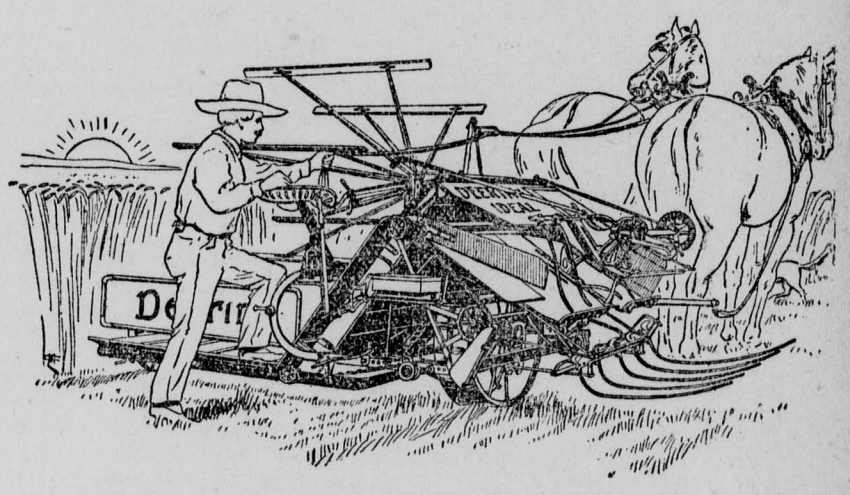
Just received a large shipment of those soft Summer Shirts. Some have the stylish Silk Bosoms, the very latest for the spring, at 50 cents. Some have a pair of cuffs and two collars, both detachable, at 50 cents; and the variety of stripes and patterns are here to suit the most fastidious.

Pretty Neckwear,

All that is new and novel in the stylish Imperials, Puffs and String Ties at 25c. and 50c. Wash Ties—pretty pattern, from 10c. per dozen to 10c. each.

☞ No question about you being pleased with your Goods and Prices.

W. W. HAZLETT, Clothier and Furnisher, 404 Penn St., Huntingdon, Pa.



DEERING LIGHT DRAFT IDEALS

The Standard of the World. Absolutely Modern.

Acme Wagons, with steel skein or tubular axles.

HENCH & DROMGOLD

Single and Double-Row Planters,

Riding and Walking Cultivators,

Spring-Tooth Harrows.

Plows. Two-Horse Chilled Furrow Plows for..... $5.00 & Up.

A FULL CAR LOAD

consisting of 25 different styles of Buggies, Spring Wagons, Surreys, &c., just received *which we fully guarantee.*

If you want a Cheap Buggy we can furnish you an open one for $22.00 or a top buggy for $28.00, not guaranteed.

Give us a call before buying.

STEVENS BROS., Three Springs, Penn'a.

The Mapleton Item.

Mapleton Depot, Pa., May 17, 1899.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT NOV. 20, 1898.

	P.M.	Night.	A.M	A.M.	A.M.	P.M*
New York....	8.00	12.15	.....	.....	9.00	2.00
Philadelphia.	11.20	4.30	7.00	8.30	12.25	4.35
Washington...	10.40	.....	.....	7.50	10.50	.....
Baltimore	11.41	4.50	.....	8.40	11.45	.....

	D'ly A.M	D'ly. A. M.	D'ly. A. M.	D'ly. A. M.	D'ly. P. M.	Dly P.M.
Harrisburg.....	3.00	8.00	11.48	11.45	3.50	5.00
Rockville		8.12	11.59	.....	.....	5.13
Marysville.....	3.1	8.17	12.03	.....	.....	5.18
Duncannon.....	3.2'	8.35	12 16	.....	4.15	5.34
Newport	3.52	9.05	12.37	.....	4.35	6.02
Millerstown.		9.15	12.45	.....	.....	6.11
Thompsontown		9.26	12.53	.....	.....	6.21
Port Royal.....	4.25	9.44	1.07	.....	.....	6.38
Mifflin	4.39	9.50	1.11	.....	5.07	6.43
Lewistown Jc.	4.52	10.13	1.30	1.10	5.27	7.07
McVeytown....	5.15	10.38	1.49	.....	.....	7.30
N. Hamilton...	5.33	11.00	2 06	.....	.....	7.50
Mount Union...	5.39	11.06	2.10	.....	6.08	7.56
Mapleton.	5.45	11.13	2.15	.....	.....	8.02
Huntingdon. ...	6.03	11.32	2.29	2.01	6.27	8.20
Petersburg	6 19	11.47	2.43	.....	.....	8.33
Birmingham ...	6.46	12.13	3.07	h	l	8.56
Tyrone.	6.52	12.20	3 12	2.40	7.04	9.02
Bellwood	7.17	12.41	3.29	.....	7.23	9.20
Altoona.....	7.40	1.00	3.45	3.10	7.40	9.35
Pittsburg.....	12.10	5.50	8.40	6.55	11.30	2.00
	P.M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P.M

Harrisburg 10.20, Rockville 10.31, Marysville 10.34, Duncannon 10.47, Newport 11.06 Millerstown 11.14, Mifflin 11.40, Lewistown Junction 11.58. p. m. Huntingdon 12.55, Tyrone 1.32, Altoona 2.00, Pittsburg 5.30 a. m.

"h" stops to take on passengers for Pittsburg and beyond.

Week days	D'ly. A.M.	D'ly. A. M.	Dly P.M.	D'ly. P. M.	D'ly. P. M.
Pittsburg.....	2.50	8.00		12.45	4.30
Altoona..... 5.09	7.15	11.40	2.05	5.50	9.05
Bellwood..... 5.12	7.30	11.52	2.19	6.04	9.19
Tyrone 5.24	7.48	12.03	2.35	6.20	9.33
Birmingham . 5.28	7.53	g	2.40	6.24	
Petersburg ... 5.45	8.17		3.03	6.47	
Huntingdon....5.57	8.30	12.35	3.17	7.00	10.12
Mapleton. 6.11	8.47		3.35	7.15	
Mt. Union.....6.16	8.53	12.54	3.42	7.21	10.32
N. Hamilton ...6.21	8.58		3.47	7.26	
McVeytown....6.37	9.15		4.08	7.44	
Lewiston Jc....6.58	9.35	1.33	4.33	8.06	11.16
Mifflin.....7.18	9.55	1.50	4.55	8.26	11.37
Port Royal.....7.22	9.59		5.00	8.31	
Thompsontown7.37	10.14		5.18	8.47	
Millerstown. ...7.46	10.22		5.28	8.57	
Newport 7.55	10.32	2.24	5.39	9.05	
Duncannon. ...8.20	10.54	2.44	6.08	9.29	
Marysville 8.33	11.07	2.56	6.26	9.43	
Rockville. 8.38	11.12		6.32	9.48	
Harrisburg.....8.50	11.25	3.10	6.45	10.00	1.00

Pittsburg 2.50, Altoona 6.05, Tyrone 6.27, Huntingdon 6.57, Harrisburg 9.10 A. M. daily.

	P.M.	P. M.	P. M.	P.M	P.M.	A.M
Baltimore.....	11.55	*3.11	6.00	9.45		
Washington..	1.00	*4.10	7.15	10.55		
Phila.....11.48	11.52	*3.00	6.23	10.20		4.30
New York 2.13	2.23	*5,53	9.30	3.53		7.13

Additional trains are run as under:—

Leave Pittsburg 8.30 P. M. daily, Altoona 12.15 A. M., Huntingdon 1.10 A. M.; arrive Harrisburg 3.40 A. M., Philadelphia 6.52 A. M.

Leave Pittsburg 7.30 A. M. daily, Altoona 11.05 A. M., Tyrone 11.30 A. M., Huntingdon 12.03 P. M., Lewistown Junction 1.02 p. m., arrive Harrisburg 2.40p.m., Philadelhia 5.47 p. m., New York, Desbrosses and Cortlandt Sts. 8.08; W. Twenty-third St. Station 8.20 p. m., Baltimore 6.00 p.m., Washington 7.15 p.m.

*Week-days only. "g" stops to let off passengers from Pittsburg and beyond, and to take on passengers for Harrisburg and beyond. "f" stops on signal only.

Connecting trains leave as follows:

At Lewistown Junction.—For Sunbury 7 30 A. M. and 3.05 P. M. week days.

For Milroy 6.40, 10.20 A. M. and 3.00 p. M. week days.

At Huntingdon—For Bedford and Cumberland 8.35 A. M. and 7.05 P. M. week days. Bedford only 8.00 A. M. Sundays.

At Tyrone—For Clearfield and Curwensville 8.20 A. M., 3.20 and 7.20 P. M. week days.

For Bellefonte and Lock Haven 8.10 A. M., 12.30 and 7.15 P. M. week days.

For Scotia 7.50 A.M. and 3.15 P.M. week days.

For further information apply to ticket agents, or Thomas E. Watt, Passenger Agent, Western Division, Corner Fifth Avenue, and Smithfield Street, Pittsburg.

J. B. HUTCHINSON, Gen'l Manager. J. R. WOOD, Gen'l Pass. Agt.

EAST BROAD TOP RAILROAD.

Schedule in effect Sept. 7, 1898.

NORTH. Irreg. No.5.	Mail, No.3	Mail, No.1	STATIONS.	SOUTH. Mail, No. 2.	Mail, No. 4	Irreg. No. 6.
a.m.	P.M.	a.m		A. M	p. m.	a. m.
7 48	12 50	6 20	Robertsdale	11 39	6 39	7 04
8 00	1 02	6 32	Cook's	11 24	6 27	6 54
8 12	1 14	6 44	Cole's	11 09	6 15	6 34
8 40	1 42	7 12	Saltillo	10 39	5 30	6 01
8 48	1 50	7 20	Three Springs	10 30	5 21	5 54
9 00	2 03	7 32	* Pogue	10 15	5 07	5 42
9 15	2 18	7 46	Rockhill	9 53	4 44	5 30
	2 35	8 01	Shirley	9 38	4 29	
	2 44	8 10	*Augh. Mills	9 30	4 21	
	3 06	8 32	Mount Union	9 15	4 06	
a. m.	p. m.	a.m		a. m.	p.m.	a. m.

Irreg. No. 7, leaves Robertsdale 5.03 p. m., Cook's 5.13, Cole's 5.25, Saltillo 5.45, Three Springs 5.53, Pogue 6.05, arrive at Rockhill 6.20 p. m.

Irreg. No. 8, leaves Rockhill 2.20 p. m., Pogue 2.32, Three Springs 2.44, Saltillo 2.51, Cole's 3.31, Cook's 3.43, arrive at Robertsdale 3.43 p. m.

SHADE GAP BRANCH.

WEST. Irreg., No. 12.	Mail, No. 10	STATIONS.	EAST Irreg. No 9	Mail, No. 11
p. m.	a. m.		a. m.	p. m.
5 50	7 25	L Rockhill A	6 30	4 55
5 43	7 18	*Blacklog	6 37	5 02
5 35	7 10	*Cedar Rock	6 45	5 10
5 31	7 06	*Locke Vall'y	6 49	5 14
5 25	7 00	*Shade Gap Stair	6 55	5 20
		A Goshorn L		

Mail trains Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 10 and 11 and irregular trains 9 and 12 run daily except Sunday. Irregular trains 5, 6, 7 and 8 do not run daily, but carry passengers when run.

* Flag stations. Beersville changed to Pogue.

A. W. GREENWOOD, Superintendent.

—If you have piles, CURE them. No use undergoing horrible operations that simply remove the results of the disease without disturbing the disease itself. Place your confidence in DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. It has never failed to cure OTHERS; it will not fail to cure YOU. A. B. Gillam, J. O. Heaton.

NATIONAL PEACE JUBILEE—WASHINGTON.

Reduced Rates via Pennsylvania Railroad.

On account of the National Peace Jubilee, to be held at Washington, D. C., May 23, 24 and 25, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company has arranged to sell excursion tickets from all stations to Washington at rate of *single fare for the round trip*, except that the rates from New York, Philadelphia and Baltimore will be $8.00, $5.00 and $2.00 respectively, with proportionate rates from intermediate and adjacent points-

Tickets will be sold May 22 and 23, good to return within ten days from date of sale when properly validated by the agent at Washington. 5-10-2t.

—J. D. Bridge, editor and proprietor of the Democrat, Lancaster, N. H., says: "I would not be without One Minute Cough Cure for my boy when troubled with a cough or cold. It is the best remedy for croup I ever used." A. B. Gillam, J. O. Heaton.

A Word to Farmers.

Farmers and others desiring to purchase fruit or ornamental trees are urged to correspond with me before purchasing. The stock I have sold in this county in the past years has proven true to name and the trees were healthy. This ought to be convincing evidence that it is better to buy from reliable home agents than from strangers. I intend canvassing the county thoroughly this season and want your patronage.

L. C. CORBIN, Huntingdon, Pa

9-28-98, tf

—By allowing the accumulations in the bowels to remain, the entire system is poisoned DeWitt's Little Early Risers regulate the bowels. Try them and you will always use them. A. B. Gillam, J. O. Heaton.

Reduced Rates to Altoona, Pa., via Pennsylvania Railroad, account Knights Templar Parade.

On account of the parade of the Knights Templar, State Grand Commandery, at Altoona, Tuesday, May 23, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will sell excursion tickets from points on its line in the State of Pennsylvania, to Altoona, *at rate of single fare for the round trip* (minimum rate, twenty-five cents).

Tickets will be sold on May 22 and 23, good to return until May 24, inclusive. 1t

—Don't think you can cure that slight attack of Dyspepsia by dieting, or that it will cure itself. Kodol Dyspepsia Cure WILL cure it; it "digests what you eat" and restores the digestive organs to health. A. B. Gillam, J. O. Heaton.

A Question.

Candidly, are we, every one of us, reading and studying the Scriptures to find out what they teach, or are we trying ingeniously to construe them into teaching what we want them to teach? Are we honestly trying to bring our actual experience into perfect harmony with the Bible, or are we trying to make the Bible fit into our experience? Are we accepting revelation at the risk of personal, social, political, national, universal revolution? Are we afraid of the Bible or afraid it will not have its full saving sway at all times, in all places, among all people, under all circumstances?—Christian Standard.

That Throbbing Headache

Would quickly leave you, if you used Dr. King's New Life Pills. Thousands of sufferers have proved their matchless merit for Sick and Nervous Headaches. They make pure blood and strong nerves and build up your health. Easy to take. Try them. Only 25 cents. Money back if not cured. Sold by B. O'Connor & Sons.

Popular Sermons.

The sermons of Jesus were popular. They reached the people. His address was direct, and His illustrations were as clear as they were simple. He never theorized nor discussed doctrine. With Him religion was a life, not a scheme. Schemes, theories, doctrines, have their day, and then they pass away. But life is the same yesterday, today and forever. To be popular is not to be vulgar. It is to be serviceable.—Reformed Church Messenger.

—Pneumonia, la grippe, coughs, colds, croup and whooping-cough readily yield to One Minute Cough Cure. Use this remedy in time and save a doctor's bill—or the undertaker's. A. B. Gillam, J. O. Heaton.

—If you suffer from tenderness or fullness on the right side, pains under shoulder-blade, constipation, biliousness, sick-headache, and feel dull, heavy and sleepy your liver is torpid and congested. DeWitt's Little Early Risers will cure you promptly, pleasantly and permanently by removing the congestion and causing the bile ducts to open and flow naturally. THEY ARE GOOD PILLS. A. B. Gillam, J. O. Heaton.

Kodol
Dyspepsia Cure.
Digests what you eat.

It artificially digests the food and aids Nature in strengthening and reconstructing the exhausted digestive organs. It is the latest discovered digestant and tonic. No other preparation can approach it in efficiency. It instantly relieves and permanently cures Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Heartburn, Flatulence, Sour Stomach, Nausea, Sick Headache, Gastralgia, Cramps, and all other results of imperfect digestion.

Prepared by E. C. DeWitt & Co., Chicago.

A. B. Gillam, J. O. Heaton.

EPWORTH LEAGUE.

Topic For the Week Beginning May 21, "The Gift of Power." Text, Acts i, 1-8.

"Ye shall receive power and ye shall be witnesses unto Me unto the uttermost parts of the earth."

Three years Jesus had lived in close intimacy with the people and had repeatedly shown His inner life by displays of power in healing disease as well as by His words. The last weeks have been full of strange events. Betrayal, crucifixion, resurrection, had followed each other in quick succession. Forty days have elapsed with frequent appearances of the risen Master, but no resumption of the old life of journeying, teaching and healing. Then came the ascension, and after that ten days of anxious, prayerful suspense. A promise of power had been given, and the group of believers are gathered in Jerusalem in expectancy of some new and wondrous experience, of whose nature no one can be certain.

The morning of the feast which commemorated the giving of the law to Moses on Sinai, came. Jerusalem was crowded with pilgrims from all parts of the world, who had come up to worship in the temple on this anniversary.

The law had been given by God to Moses. Now God gives, not words of a commandment, but the spirit of holiness to abide in the soul, enabling one to love and do the commandment. Before this the burden of obedience had been heavy. Men saw the right, but found it hard to do it. Now they seemed to themselves and others to be filled with ecstacy and joy in doing God's bidding. Timid ones became bold in proclaiming the truth and pressing home its claims on their hearers. Love overflowed from full hearts and transformed speakers and hearers. The promised power had come.

A Secretary of Wesley Guild.

The Wesley guild is to Methodism in England what the Epworth League is to Methodism in America. Rev. Simpson Johnson is one of the secretaries and is

REV. SIMPSON JOHNSON.

well known on both sides of the water. He has filled some of the most important circuits of the Wesleyan church in England and has during all his ministerial career been in close touch with the young people. His services as a speaker are in great demand. Those who were present at the Toronto convention will not soon forget him. He is in his prime, being about 45 years of age.

Spain's Greatest Need.

Mr. R. P. Olivia, of Barcelona, Spain, spends his winters at Aiken, S. C. Weak nerves had caused severe pains in the back of his head. On using Electric Bitters, America's greatest Blood and Nerve Remedy, all pain soon left him. He says this grand medicine is what his country needs. All America knows that it cures liver and kidney trouble, purifies the blood, tones up the stomach, strengthens the nerves, puts vim, vigor and new life into every muscle, nerve and organ of the body. If weak, tired or ailing you need it. Every bottle guaranteed, only 50 cents. Sold by B. O'Connor & Sons.

Quality, Not Quantity.

Dear hustling brother, it is the quality, not the quantity, of your work that counts.—Congregationalist.

—Many old soldiers now feel the effects of the hard service they endured during the war. Mr. Geo. S. Anderson, of Rossville, York county, Penn., who saw the hardest kind of service at the front, is now frequently troubled with rheumatism. "I had a severe attack lately," he says, "and procured a bottle of Chamberlain's Pain Balm. It did so much good that I would like to know what you would charge me for one dozen bottles." Mr. Anderson wanted it both for his own use and to supply it to his friends and neighbors, as every family should have a bottle of it in their home, not only for rheumatism, but lame back, sprains, swellings, cuts, bruises and burns, for which it is unequalled. For sale by J. G. Gillam.

Great Spring Linen Sale.

Our linen department is more than keeping pace with the general progress of the store. We have increased it to about three times its former size and are keeping higher priced linens than we have ever before had. We want you to become acquainted with the excellent values to be found here always.

THURSDAY, MAY 25TH,

we will have a great linen sale. While our prices are always low, we will make some extraordinary offerings at this sale.

A special unbleached Linen worth 25c. at 20c.

200	yards extra heavy	half bleached	Linen,	65	inches	at 50c.
100	" " "	bleached	"	70	"	at 50c.
100	" " "	"	"	70	"	at 60c.
100	" " "	"	"	70	"	at 75c.

Our finest Bleached Damask worth $2.25 at $1.85.

200 yards all Linen Crash at 5c.	300 yards all Linen Crash at 6c.
300 " " " " at 8c.	200 " " " " at 10c.

Besides these specials there will be great money-saving values in Napkins, Towels, etc.

Though you need no linen, it will pay you to come to this sale as it will save money for you. Do not forget the date—Thursday, May 25th.

A SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT FOR OUR MAIL ORDER DEPARTMENT—After this date we will assume all expenses of sending goods by mail or express. All mail order goods are sold at identical prices asked in the store. Our whole stock is thus open to mail order purchases at no additional cost to you. Samples and information gladly furnished.

Wm Reed & Son,
Huntingdon, Pa.

J. G. Gillam's
Day-Light Store.

Just received the most complete line of

Ladies' Children's and Gents' **Shoes**

ever shown in this place. See them before purchasing elsewhere.

While our line of Carpets is not large, every piece is good value at the price named.

As usual, our Dry Goods Department is overflowing with bargains. In the Notion Department you will find anything you want.

No use to say anything about Groceries. That department is always full.

Fish season is here and we have them.

All kinds of Produce taken in exchange for goods.

Give us a call.

John G. Gillam.

CLAY PARK,
Three Springs, - - - Pa.

Do You Want to Buy a Buggy or Wagon?

I have them either hand-made or factory, fitted out with Mather Dust-Proof Long Distance Axle.

A fine guaranteed top buggy at	$35.00
Open rigs (fully guaranteed) as low as	24.00
Two-seated spring wagons with top and brake	55.00
Three-seated wagons (hand-made) 2000 lbs. capacity	75.00

Columbia Farm Wagons, brake, double bed, spring seat, as follows:

One-Horse	$28.00 to $38.00.
Two-Horse	50.00 to 60.00.

☞ *I give a binding Two-year guarantee with every one of my hand-made buggies or wagons.*

Sewing machines (high grade)	$16.50
Washing machines	2.75
Cook stoves	$11.00 to 19.50

Write for Price List on Implements.

CATTLE, SHEEP AND WOOL TAKEN SAME AS CASH.

Remember I am selling lower than any other dealer in the county and pay freight to your nearest station.

Mail orders receive prompt attention.

CLAY PARK,
Three Springs, - Pa.

BUSINESS CARDS.

DR. E. M. SLONAKER,

DENTIST,

HUNTINGDON, PENN'A.

Try my local anesthetic for positively painless extraction. 9-9-96.

S. P. STUBBS,

—CARPET WEAVER.—

and dealer in all kinds of Carpet Chain and Materials.

Prompt attention to business and satisfaction guaranteed. Charges reasonable.

J. G. SPANGLER, M. D.,

—PHYSICIAN & SURGEON,—

☞Office on Main Street, adjoining residence.

W. H. WOODS. JAMES S. WOODS, Notary Public.

W. H. & J. S. WOODS,

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,

No. 327 Penn Street. HUNTINGDON, PA.

A. W. SWOPE

—JUSTICE OF THE PEACE.—

All business entrusted with him will receive proper attention. Collections made and immediate returns given. Legal writing promptly executed.

☞Office on Main street.

THE "ITEM"

$1.00 per Year.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.

To quit tobacco easily and forever, be magnetic, full of life, nerve and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder-worker, that makes weak men strong. All druggists, 50c or $1. Cure guaranteed. Booklet and sample free. Address Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

China has begun the manufacture of smokeless powder.

"The Prudent Man Setteth His House in Order."

Your human tenement should be given even more careful attention than the house you live in. Set it in order by thoroughly purifying your blood by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Erysipelas—"My little girl is now fat and healthy on account of Hood's Sarsaparilla curing her of erysipelas and eczema." MRS. H. O. WHEATLEY, Port Chester, N. Y.

Hood's Sarsaparilla
Never Disappoints

Hood's Pills cure liver ills; the non-irritating and only cathartic to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

R R R
RADWAY'S READY RELIEF

For headache (whether sick or nervous), toothache, neuralgia, rheumatism, lumbago, pains and weakness in the back, spine or kidneys, pains around the liver, pleurisy, swelling of the joints and pains of all kinds, the application of Radway's Ready Relief will afford immediate ease, and its continued use for a few days effects a permanent cure.

A CURE FOR ALL

Summer Complaints,

DYSENTERY, DIARRHEA,

CHOLERA MORBUS.

A half to a teaspoonful of Ready Relief in a half tumbler of water, repeated as often as the discharges continue, and a flannel saturated with Ready Relief placed over the stomach or bowels, will afford immediate relief and soon effect a cure.

INTERNALLY—A half to a teaspoonful in half a tumbler of water will in a few minutes cure Cramps, Spasms, Sour Stomach, Nausea, Vomiting, Heartburn, Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Sick Headache, Flatulency and all internal pains.

Malaria in Its Various Forms Cured and Prevented.

There is not a remedial agent in the world that will cure fever and ague and all other malarious, bilious and other fevers, aided by **RADWAY'S PILLS**, so quickly as **RADWAY'S READY RELIEF.** **Price, 50 cents per bottle.**

Sold by all Druggists.

RADWAY & CO., 55 Elm Street, New York.

Horse Killed by Snakes.

Abram Robeson, near Grantsburg, Ind., while hunting for a stray horse, which had been missing for two days, noticed a large blacksnake which retreated toward a cave formed by an overhanging ledge of rocks in one of the high bluffs surrounding his pasture land. His horse was found lying in this cavern, but covered with what looked to him like a mountain of snakes, so numerous were the reptiles.

Robeson obtained his shotgun and opened fire, continuing until his cartridges were exhausted. After the battle he counted the bodies of 413 snakes, lying around and over the body of his horse, which was dead, while many reptiles escaped in a wounded condition. He believes that his horse, which was a magnificent animal weighing 1000 or more pounds, had been charmed by the reptiles, so that he was powerless to escape, and he had finally succumbed through weakness. —New York Press.

Personally Conducted Tourist Excursion to California Without Change of Cars.

Leaving Washington, D. C., every Tuesday and Friday, the Southern Railway, "Piedmont Air Line" and Sunset Route, will operate Personally Conducted Tourist Excursions to San Francisco, Cal., without change of cars, via Atlanta, Montgomery, New Orleans, Houston, San Antonio, New Mexico, Arizona and Southern California. The cars are the very latest pattern of Pullman Tourist Sleepers, beds equal to any standard sleeper, lunch, lavatory, private apartment for ladies. Three and one-half days to Mexico and Arizona, four days to Los Angeles and Southern California, and five days to San Francisco, Portland, Oregon, through the semi-tropical gardens of the South, and via picturesque Mt. Shasta in seven days with only one change of cars. Tacoma and Seattle, Washington, afternoon of seventh day. Tourist carfare less than any other route; railroad fare the same, effecting saving of $25.00 to $30.00.

Return service leaving San Francisco Tuesdays and Fridays.

For information and reservations, inquire of A. J. Poston, Gen'l Agt., California Tourist Lines, 511 Pennsylvania Avenue, Washington, D. C., or Alex. S. Thweatt, Eastern Pass. Agt., 271 Broadway, New York.

The Free Methodist Church of America has about 25,000 members.

America's greatest physicians have conquered La Grippe and its after effects. Their treatment has been thoroughly tested in the hospitals of Europe and of this country, and is embodied in Dr. Kay's Lung Balm.

Rev. H. B. Dye, of Morrison, Iowa, writes: "Mrs. Dye had a bad attack of La Grippe which settled on her lungs. She used Dr. Kay's Lung Balm, with most decided good effects, which is a repetition of past experience with her. Nothing is so prompt and positive in its effects on her lungs."

You should write for free advice and a copy of Dr. Kay's Home Treatment, an illustrated book of 116 pages of receipts, etc. Dr. B. J. Kay Medical Co., Saratoga Springs, N. Y.

The Presbyterian Board of Foreign Missions has sent several medical missionaries to the Philippines.

Do Your Feet Ache and Burn?

Shake into your shoes Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder for the feet. It makes Tight or New Shoes feel Easy. Cures Corns, Bunions, Swollen, Hot, Callous, Aching and Sweating Feet. Sold by all Druggists, Grocers and Shoe Stores, 25c. Sample sent FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

Germany publishes 6533 periodicals of various kinds.

J. C. Simpson, Marquess, W. Va., says, "Hall's Catarrh Cure cured me of a very bad case of catarrh." Druggists sell it, 75c.

In Austria fourteen is the legal age for marriage for both men and women.

To Cure a Cold in One Day.

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. 25c

To Cure Constipation Forever.

Take Cascarets Candy Cathartic. 10c or 25c. If C. C. C. fail to cure, druggists refund money.

More women become insane on account of love affairs than men.

Peculiar Accident to a Boy.

While a little boy named David James Francis was playing with his companions on the seashore at Burry Port, the other evening he noticed a penknife at the bottom of a large iron pipe fixed in an upright position.

The lad forced himself bodily into the pipe, only to find that there was not room enough for him to stoop down to pick up the knife.

In the attempt to do so one of his legs doubled up under him, and shortly afterward his comrades were attracted to the pipe by the screams of the venturesome David James. Being powerless to render and help they ran for assistance, and a number of men came to the rescue.

Owing to the bending of the boy's leg, it was impossible to pull him out by his arms, and the pipe had to be disembedded before the boy could be got out. He had been a prisoner for three hours and a half.—London Leader.

WOMEN are assailed at every turn by troubles peculiar to their sex. Every mysterious ache or pain is a symptom. These distressing sensations will keep on coming unless properly treated.

The history of neglect is written in the worn faces and wasted figures of nine-tenths of our women, every one of whom may receive the invaluable advice of Mrs. Pinkham, without charge, by writing to her at Lynn, Mass.

WOMEN WHO NEED MRS. PINKHAM'S AID

MISS LULA EVANS, of Parkersburg, Iowa, writes of her recovery as follows:

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM—I had been a constant sufferer for nearly three years. Had inflammation of the womb, leucorrhœa, heart trouble, bearing-down pains, backache, headache, ached all over, and at times could hardly stand on my feet. My heart trouble was so bad that some nights I was compelled to sit up in bed or get up and walk the floor, for it seemed as though I should smother. More than once I have been obliged to have the doctor visit me in the middle of the night. I was also very nervous and fretful. I was utterly discouraged. One day I thought I would write and see if you could do anything for me. I followed your advice and now I feel like a new woman. All those dreadful troubles I have no more, and I have found Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Sanative Wash a sure cure for leucorrhœa. I am very thankful for your good advice and medicine."

AMERICA AT THE HAGUE.

Will Work With England For International Arbitration.

WILL NOT ACCEPT DISARMAMENT

American and British Delegates to the Czar's Peace Congress Have Similar Instructions—Will Stand Together For International Arbitration—Hope to Lessen the Horrors of War.

WASHINGTON, D. C. (Special). — The United States and Great Britain will stand together in the advocacy of the adoption of a scheme for the settlement of international disputes by arbitration, which will be presented to the Peace Conference at its meeting at The Hague. The American delegates, headed by Ambassador White, are equipped with a fairly well digested plan for the execution of this long-cherished project. while the British delegates are prepared with a plan which is almost identical with the American project.

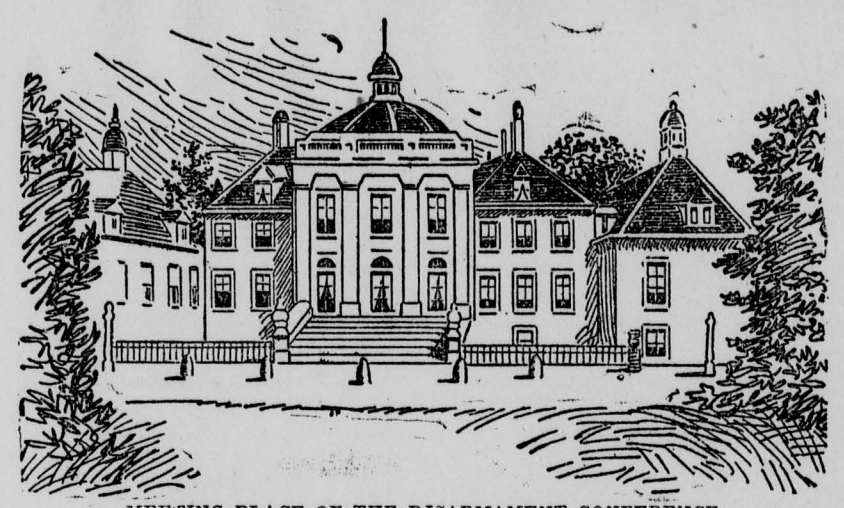
The details cannot be procured for publication in advance of the presentation of the project to the conference. It is known, however, that there are essential differences between the plan under consideration and that embodied in the treaty drafted by Secretary Olney and Sir Julian Pauncefote, which failed of action in the Senate when submitted for ratification. The differences are rather in the methods provided for securing an impartial adjudication than in the principles involved.

It cannot be said that the American delegates go to the conference with any strong expectations that their own scheme for securing the adjustment of disputes by arbitration, or, indeed, any project of the kind, will secure the adhesion of the entire conference, or even a majority of the delegates. But they are content to plant the seed and make a beginning, which it is hoped by the President and Secretary Hay will have substantial results in the end.

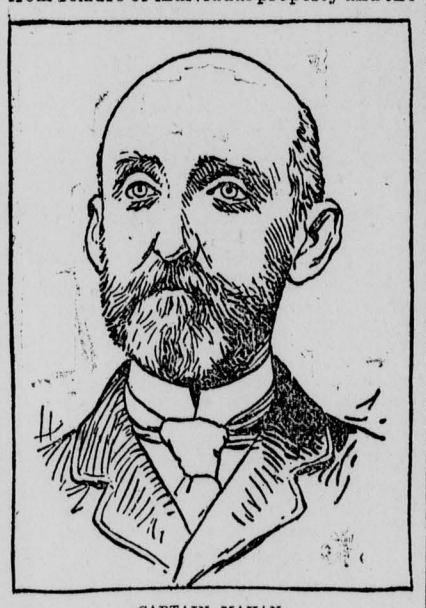
The American delegates go committed to this arbitration project much more strongly than to anything else likely to figure before the conference. Regarding disarmament, their instructions are to tell the conference that the present armament of the United States, and any within the possibilities of the future, are so far below the present minimum armaments with which any of the great powers of Europe are likely to be content that there is really no reason why the United States should be called into the agreement.

Other points upon which the delegates have been instructed are the exemption from seizure of individual property and the extension of the Red Cross rules to warlike operations at sea. As to the former, the President expressed himself very strongly in his last message to Congress, and the delegates go charged to give practical effect to these views. As to the Red Cross extension, both the United States and Spain during the recent war voluntarily agreed to apply the Red Cross rules at sea.

Another point in the instructions relates to the amelioration of the horrors of war, and with this, too, the American delegates are deeply concerned. It was because of the President's interest in this subject, as much as for any other reason, that the two technical experts, Captain Mahan and Captain Crozier, were included in the American delegation, and the State Department hopes that something in this direction will be accomplished at the approaching conference.



MEETING PLACE OF THE DISARMAMENT CONFERENCE.
(The palace is Queen Wilhelmina's "House in the Woods" at The Hague.)



CAPTAIN MAHAN.
(United States naval expert, who is a delegate to the Peace Conference.)

THIRTY PERSONS DROWNED.

British Ship Wrecked on Kangaroo Island—Only Four Escape Death.

ADELAIDE, South Australia (By Cable).—It is learned that the British ship Loch Sloy, from the Clyde January 5 for this port and Melbourne, was wrecked on Kangaroo Island on April 24. One passenger and three of the crew safely reached the shore, and five passengers and twenty-five of the crew were drowned.

MOROCCO PAID AT ONCE.

America's Claims Settled on the Chicago's Arrival at Tangier.

The State Department Informed of the Compliance of the Sultan With the Demands of the United States.

TANGIER (By Cable).—The object of the visit here of the United States cruiser Chicago has been accomplished. The Sultan has given assurances that the claims of Americans against Morocco will be satisfied, and the Chicago has sailed to the eastward.

WASHINGTON, D. C. (Special).—The visit of the flagship Chicago to Tangier, Morocco, has resulted in the prompt payment of claims for indemnity made by the United States in behalf of American citizens whose business had been interfered with. A telegram received at the State Department from the United States Consul-General at Tangier contained the gratifying information that the claims had been paid.

The Chicago arrived at Tangier from Gibraltar. When she was on her way from the Azores to Gibraltar a despatch was sent to Rear-Admiral Howison at the latter place directing him to proceed to Tangier without delay to back up any demands that might be made by the Consul-General. The Chicago is now on her voyage to the East by the Mediterranean-Suez route.

For a great many years the Morocco officials have caused much annoyance to American merchants at Tangier. Every attempt to introduce American goods into the country has been met with petty persecution which usually resulted in preventing the Americans from selling their wares. In some cases American agents have been imprisoned. The Morocco authorities were also fond of interfering with the native interpreters and servants of the United States Consulate. These persons are exempted by treaty from interference by the Sultan's officers, but the treaty was violated frequently.

On other occasions United States warships have been sent to Tangier to collect claims for indemnity, and in each case the object lesson in American power has been successful. The amount of the claims in the latest instance is small.

FOUR DEATHS AT A SHOOTING.

Two Brothers on One Side and Father and Son on the Other Kill One Another.

MERIDIAN, Miss. (Special).—Dr. J. H. Murfee and Howard Murfee, father and son, and Charles B. Clarke and Walter Clarke, two brothers, all four of whom are well known citizens of Okolona, Miss., are dead as the result of a dispute and a difficulty over the collection of a bill. Dr. Murfee went to the law office of Charles B. Clarke to settle an account, when a dispute arose about the correctness of the bill, which led to a quarrel and a fight. Clarke drew a knife and cut Dr. Murfee's throat, severing the jugular vein.

Dr. Murfee fell dead and his son, Howard Murfee, who came up, drew his revolver and shot Clarke through the heart, killing him instantly. Walter Clarke, a younger brother of Charles B. Clarke, heard the shooting, rushed to the scene and then followed a duel to the death between young Murfee and young Clarke.

Both men emptied their pistols, and after the smoke cleared away Murfee and Clarke were found dead, each with three bullet holes through their bodies. Dr. Murfee was one of the best known physicians of this region and the two Clarke brothers ranked at the head of the bar in Chickasaw County.

AMERICANS IN A BULLFIGHT.

Ran a Benefit Show at Durango and Had Some Narrow Escapes.

MONTEREY, Mex. (Special).—The first bullfight that ever occurred in Mexico in which all of the performers were Americans took place a few days ago in Durango. The exhibition was given to raise money for municipal improvements. The participants, all business men of the city, were D. M. Shaw, William Fischer, E. S. Shaw, Percy Sharpe, T. W. Tisdale, Roy Kessell, J. W. Dobbins, H. L. Benson, Carlos Chapman, W. W. McVea and D. W. Barnes.

The bulls were from the wildest mountain herds of that State and the amateurs had a hard time in evading the thrusts of the long, sharp horns of the animals. A performer was caught on the horns of one of the bulls and carried around the arena several times. He escaped with only a few bruises. The others also had narrow escapes. The attendance was the largest ever seen at a bullfight in Durango.

GOVERNMENT OF PORTO RICO.

Brigadier-General Davis Succeeds Major-General Henry.

SAN JUAN, Porto Rico (By Cable).—Brigadier-General George W. Davis, the successor of Major-General Guy V. Henry as Military Governor of Porto Rico, arrived on board the United States transport McPherson. He was welcomed by the insular secretaries and officials of Porto Rico and San Juan.

Major-General Henry has sailed for the United States. There was a big demonstration in General Henry's honor.

FATAL RAILROAD WRECK

One Passenger Train Dashed Into Another at Exeter, Penn.

SCORES KILLED AND INJURED.

Greatest Railroad Disaster in the History of Pennsylvania—About Fifty Persons Badly Injured—The Cause of the Wreck—Narrow Escape of Senator Penrose—The Work of the Rescuers.

READING, Penn. (Special).—The wreck at Exeter Station was almost without precedent in Pennsylvania. The Philadelphia and Reading Railway has never had a catastrophe equalling it in horror. Fully twenty-nine persons were killed and at least fifty were more or less seriously hurt.

The express train from Williamsport, known as the "cannon ball," left this city at 8.45 p. m. Exeter is only a flag station, where the express does not stop, but Windermuth, the engine driver, observed a signal and he stopped the train. Then he was ordered back to the station to await orders. A moment later, as he was backing his train, it was crushed into from the rear by a special train crowded with excursionists from Harrisburg, where they had attended the unveiling of the Hartranft statue.

The first train consisted of two express cars, a mail and baggage car, a combination car, two day coaches, a parlor car and a day car, in the order mentioned. The second train consisted of six day cars, one of which had aboard a company of the Sixth regiment, National Guard, whose headquarters is at Norristown, and another car contained members of the Montgomery Hose Company, of Norristown. The other four cars had regular passengers, including about twenty survivors of the Fifty-first Pennsylvania volunteers, Hartranft's old command.

The crash of the two trains was an awful one. The engine of the second ploughed through one day car and half way through a Pullman sleeper on the forward train, and the concussion was so great that the two first cars of the second section were ground into matchwood. Beneath these many of the passengers were thrown, and several were found later with their heads torn from the shoulders. One man was pinioned by the roof of the passenger car and lay at full length on his side on the engine, where he slowly roasted to death.

The rear car of the first section, in which most of the killed were riding, was filled with passengers, every seat being occupied. Some of them heard the loud whistling of the approaching engine of the second section and there was an attempt on the part of many to escape from the car, but in a second all was confusion and death.

There is much speculation as to who is really responsible for the accident, and the officials of the road are investigating in order to place the blame. The man in the signal tower at Exeter Station claims to have had the signals properly displayed. In a statement General Superintendent I. A. Sweigard of the Reading Railway said the prime cause of the accident was a block of freight cars on the track, which were taking a siding at Birdsborough, and which compelled the express to stop at Exeter.

The news of the wreck spread rapidly about Reading and caused great excitement. A relief train bearing doctors and nurses was promptly sent out. They found the wounded begging piteously for help, each imploring that he be treated first.

After all those who had been taken from the wreck alive or found along the embankment, where they had been thrown by the collision, had been cared for attention was directed to those under the splintered cars.

There the sight was a grewsome one. Several bodies were taken from under the cars headless and legless.

The station at Exeter was turned into an improvised hospital, where the dead and injured were taken in large numbers. Those who could be moved were taken to Norristown under the care of Dr. Weaver and several trained nurses from the Reading Hospital. Several persons died en route.

Among the dead are: Captain Street, Philadelphia; John E. Leaf, Montgomery County; William Slater, Norristown; George Shaw, Norristown; John Slinghuff, Norristown; Frank Showers, Norristown; Samuel Beatty, Norristown; Milton Lewis, Norristown, Henry Wentz, Norristown.

United States Senator Boles Penrose and General E. Burb Grubb were passengers in the Pullman car of the wrecked train. The rear end of the car in which they were riding was crushed, but the two gentlemen, though badly shaken up, were uninjured.

Senator Penrose told a graphic story of the disaster.

"I was on the ordinary train," he said, "but escaped with no injuries except a severe shaking up. The train is what is known as the 'Cannon Ball' express and the special extra section of it crashed into the ordinary train. The regular train passed the signal tower all right, but orders were given for it to back toward Exeter, and this was done, and we had only got back a very short distance when the second section crashed into the rear portion of our train.

"There were many soldiers on the train, and I am glad there were, for they rendered invaluable assistance in getting the dead and injured from the cars. When the crash came I thought we would have been all killed. It was a terrific crash. People were thrown in all directions, and those who were not injured by broken wood were more or less injured by being bumped against the sides of the cars. The scene was a most distressing one and I shall never forget it."

BANK BURGLARS GET $11,000.

Captured the Village Night Watchman and Locked Him Up in the Bank.

TORONTO, Ont. (Special).—There has been an epidemic of bank robberies the past few weeks, and another was added to the list a few days ago when burglars blew open the vault of the Standard Bank at Bowmanville with nitro-glycerine and stole $11,000.

There were half a dozen men in the gang. They went first to the Bowmanville police station and captured Henry Metcalf, the night watchman, who was handcuffed with his own handcuffs, gagged and led to the bank building. He was told by the burglars what they were about to do, and, after three explosions, by which access to the vault was gained and the money obtained the watchman was locked up in the bank where he remained until discovered.

"Service" Instead of Hello.

In one of the new apartment houses in town they have adopted a plan which does away with the rude "Hello" which came in with the telephone, and which conservative persons have never been able to use without an apology to themselves for its lack of elegance. Every room in the house is connected with the office by telephone. You ring the bell, put the receiver to your ear, and a respectful voice says, with a rising inflection, not "Hello," but "Service?"—Washington Post.

More Precious Than Diamonds.

Among the rarest of precious stones the green garnet is probably the most valuable. This gem is of a superb, rich shade, far more brilliant than that of the emerald. A green garnet easily commands double the price of a pure diamond of equal size, because it is so exceeding rare, while red garnets are so common that their cost is trifling.

No Total Eclipse For Twenty-five Years

No total eclipse will be visible in New England or the Middle States till January 24, 1925. On June 20, 1955, will occur the longest eclipse for many centuries, totality lasting more than seven minutes in the Island of Luzon, at or very near Manila.—Stars and Telescopes.

Beauty Is Blood Deep.

Clean blood means a clean skin. No beauty without it. Cascarets, Candy Cathartic clean your blood and keep it clean, by stirring up the lazy liver and driving all impurities from the body. Begin to-day to banish pimples, boils, blotches, blackheads, and that sickly bilious complexion by taking Cascarets,—beauty for ten cents. All druggists, satisfaction guaranteed, 10c, 25c, 50c.

Nearly three million Congo walking sticks are imported into the United States every year.

Coughs Lead to Consumption.

Kemp's Balsam will stop the cough a once. Go to your druggist to-day and get a sample bottle free. Sold in 25 and 50 cent bottles. Go at once; delays are dangerous.

The enlistment of a British soldier is for seven years.

Fits permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. $2 trial bottle and treatise free DR. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

James A. Allen, of Palmyra, Wis., has been a Justice of the Peace for fifty years.

No-To-Bac for Fifty Cents.

Guaranteed tobacco habit cure, makes weak men strong, blood pure. 50c, $1. All druggists.

The Island of Luzon in the Philippines has the same area as Ohio.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is an A No. 1 Asthma medicine.—W. R. WILLIAMS, Antioch, Ills., April 11, 1894.

As many as 4000 dates have been gathered from a single palm.

Educate Your Bowels With Cascarets.

Candy Cathartic, cure constipation forever. 10c, 25c. If C. C. C. fail, druggists refund money.

It is estimated that one person in a thousand dies of unrequited love.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle.

Lake navigation is now open, and the movement of grain eastward is heavy.

Campbell's Malarial Specific.

Guaranteed cure for all Malarial diseases At all druggists, or sent on receipt of 25 cents J. B. CAMPBELL, Suffern, N. Y.

Men possess the power of adaptibility to a greater degree than women.

H. H. GREEN'S SONS, of Atlanta, Ga., are the only successful Dropsy Specialists in the world. See their liberal offer in advertisement in another column of this paper.

Marine underwriters paid $12,000,000 in losses on sea last year.

What Do the Children Drink?

Don't give them tea or coffee. Have you tried the new food drink called GRAIN-O? It is delicious and nourishing, and takes the place of coffee. The more GRAIN-O you give the children the more health you distribute through their systems. GRAIN-O is made of pure grains, and when properly prepared tastes like the choice grades of coffee, but costs about ¼ as much. All grocers sell it. 15c. and 25c.

There has been a decrease in accidents in the Swiss Alps this year compared with last year.

Lane's Family Medicine.

Moves the bowels each day. In order to be healthy this is necessary. Acts gently on the liver and kidneys. Cures sick headache. Price 25 and 50c.

Germany's production of iron amounts in nine months to nearly 5,500,000 tons.

Lazy Liver

"I have been troubled a great deal with a torpid liver, which produces constipation. I found CASCARETS to be all you claim for them, and secured such relief the first trial, that I purchased another supply and was completely cured. I shall only be too glad to recommend Cascarets whenever the opportunity is presented." J. A. SMITH. 2920 Susquehanna Ave., Philadelphia, Pa.

CANDY CATHARTIC Cascarets TRADE MARK REGISTERED REGULATE THE LIVER

Pleasant. Palatable. Potent. Taste Good. Do Good. Never Sicken, Weaken, or Gripe. 10c, 25c, 50c.

... CURE CONSTIPATION. ...

Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago, Montreal, New York. 320

NO-TO-BAC Sold and guaranteed by all druggists to CURE Tobacco Habit.

$5 Easily Made in 5 Hours daily following our plan of selling an article in constant use and demand. Write for particulars. ARCHIBALD & Co., 73 Nassau St., New York.

PENSION JOHN W. MORRIS, Washington, D. C. Successfully Prosecutes Claims. Late Principal Examiner U.S. Pension Bureau. 3 yrs in civil war, 15 adjudicating claims, atty since

FOREIGN CLAIMS IN CUBA.

Demands For Damages Will Be Pressed Against This Country.

MILLIONS OF DOLLARS INVOLVED

Residents From England, France and Germany Have Presented Claims For Large Amounts as Indemnity For Their Property Destroyed in the Insurrection—The Status of the Demands.

WASHINGTON, D. C. (Special).—The State Department has been informally advised that claims aggregating a considerable amount have been made by British, French and German residents in Cuba during the recent insurrection, and that these ultimately will be pressed against the United States Government. The claims themselves have not yet been presented, but are being collected by the several Foreign Offices as the claimants send them in. In some cases schedules have been made and the aggregate stated to the authorities here. The French claims aggregate between $2,000,000 and $3,000,000. The German claims are understood to be slightly under those of the French, while the British claims are said to be considerably more than either the French or German.

These foreign claims are quite distinct from those of citizens of the United States, originally against Spain for damages sustained in Cuba during the insurrection. The peace treaty specifically provided for these American claimants, releasing Spain and stating that the United States would make such settlement as was proper. Under this clause, claims aggregating several millions have been filed. No provision, however, was made by the treaty for foreign claimants, and there appears to be much doubt as to who is liable since the sovereignty over Cuba has passed out of the hands of Spain, The United States having undertaken to look after the American claimants, the foreigners are desirous of being treated in the same manner. It was stated at one of the foreign establishments that there was no disposition to push the claims unduly, but to bring them to the attention of the United States Government, in order that the question of liability might be determined and such relief granted as the merits of the cases warranted.

It is appreciated in these foreign quarters that payments will be largely a matter of discretion with the United States, as the obligation to look after the American claimants was assumed voluntarily, and there is no obligation, either in the treaty or on general principles of law, for assuming the claims growing out of Spain's inability to maintain order in Cuba during the period of Spanish rule.

These foreign claims cover damages to plantations, personal property, etc., of French, British and German residents of Cuba, and are not connected with the bonded debt of Cuba in foreign hands, which debt was assumed by Spain.

ALLIGATORS DEVOUR TWO TOTS.

Parents Fought Desperately to Save Their Babies, But in Vain.

SAN ANTONIO, Texas (Special).—Alligators a few days ago attacked Paul R. Nagele and his family, who were camping on the bank of a bayou or lagoon running out from the shore of Espontos Lake, in Dimmitt County.

The lake, although far inland, is literally alive with alligators. Nagele had been warned by a settler not to camp too near the lake, but he ignored the warning. During the night he was aroused by the uneasiness of his horses. Going to them to ascertain the cause, he was attacked by an alligator. He beat it off with an axe. His wife cried for assistance, and when he reached her an alligator had their four-year-old girl in its jaws. While attemping to rescue the child the mother dropped an infant from her arms, which was seized by another alligator. The distressed parents were powerless to give aid to the little ones.

RUSSIAN DEMANDS IN CHINA.

Empire Declines to Yield to Certain Requests For Railroad Franchises.

SHANGHAI (By Cable).—The Tsung-li-Yamen, Chinese Foreign Office, has replied to the Russian Minister at Pekin, M. de Giers, that the Government is unable to accede to the Russian demand for a new railway concession connecting Pekin with Russia's present system in Manchuria.

Not since the taking of Port Arthur by Russia have the Chinese been so agitated as over this demand. The concession asked for would ruin the existing northern railways, in which British capital to the amount of $10,000,000 is invested; but there seems to be no alternative route without interfering with the plans for railway extension which the Chinese themselves have in mind.

SCHOONER AND CREW LOST.

The Nelson Founders in Lake Superior Off Grand Marais in a Heavy Gale.

SAULT STE. MARIE, Mich. (Special).—The schooner Nelson, deeply laden with a cargo of coal, foundered in Lake Superior, off Grand Marais, and all hands went down with her. Those on the schooner consisted of the following: Captain Andrew Haghney, of Toledo; the Captain's wife and two-year-old child, Frank Haas, sailor, residence unknown, and six sailors, names unknown.

At the time of the disaster the wind was blowing a gale of fifty miles an hour and it was freezing hard. The sinking ship disappeared so suddenly that her crew had no time to even lower her yawl boat, which hung on the davits at the stern.

REINA MERCEDES LEAVES SANTIAGO.

Former Spanish Cruiser Sent to Newport News in Tow of Tugs.

SANTIAGO DE CUBA (By Cable).—The former Spanish cruiser Reina Mercedes, which was sunk close to the mouth of the harbor and floated by the Merritt-Chapman Wrecking Company, left a few days ago in tow of the wrecking company's tugs for Newport News, taking the Windward Passage. Captain Chittenden is in charge of the vessel and is accompanied by Captain Merritt. Every precaution has been taken against her loss, there being twelve pumping engines on board. The condition of the Reina Mercedes is good and she is perfectly seaworthy.

ROSWELL P. FLOWER DEAD

Former Governor of New York Suddenly Expires at Eastport, L. I.

An Acute Attack of Indigestion Brings on Heart Failure to Which the Great Financier Succumbs.

EASTPORT, L. I. (Special).—Ex-Governor Roswell P. Flower died here suddenly at 10.30 o'clock Friday night of heart disease. Dr. Timothy F. Allen and his son, Dr. Paul Allen; Mrs. Flower and ex-Governor Flower's nephews, Frederick S. Flower and Nathan M. Flower, were at his bedside when Mr. Flower passed away.

ROSWELL P. FLOWER.

Mr. Flower and a party of friends came here for the fishing. He retired early, in apparently good health and in high spirits. On the day of his death he and his friends were up early, preparing to fish. Mr. Flower remarked that he was not feeling quite well. He was suffering from indigestion, and said he would not go fishing.

About 2 o'clock in the afternoon it was said at the club that Mr. Flower had had an attack of heart disease, but was resting quietly. The final attack came in the evening. Mr. Flower, already exhausted by the first attack, sunk rapidly. There was no longer any hope, although the physicians exerted every effort to prolong his life.

MR. FLOWER'S CAREER.

He Was Successively a Clerk, Teacher, Merchant, Statesman and Financier.

Roswell Pettibone Flower was born in Jefferson County, N. Y., August 7, 1835 His father died when he was eight years old. He became a clerk in a store, worked in a brickyard and on a farm. He used his leisure moments for picking up knowledge, and at eighteen years of age was graduated from the Theresa High School. He taught school for a time and was a clerk in the Watertown Postoffice. Then he opened a jewelry store and a brokerage establishment and began to amass money. He married in 1859 Sarah M. Woodruff, daughter of N. M. Woodruff, of Watertown, one of whose other daughters had become the wife of Henry Keep, the railway millionaire.

Mr. Flower removed to New York City in 1869, although he never surrendered his home in Watertown. When Levy P. Morton resigned from the House of Representatives in 1881 to become Minister to France Mr. Flower was chosen to serve the unexpired term, and was elected to that succeeding in the Forty-seventh Congress. He was elected from the Eleventh District of New York City over William Waldorf Astor. In November, 1889, he was returned to Congress, and in 1891 was re-elected by over twelve thousand majority.

He was elected Governor over J. Sloat Fassett in 1891, and retired at the end of his term to devote himself to his banking business in New York City. He always took a warm interest in politics, however, and was one of the most active of the gold Democrats in the campaign of 1896.

The Wall street firm of Benedict, Flower & Co., stock commission brokers, was organized in 1871, E. C. Benedict and Roswell P. Flower being the principal partners. Mr. Flower was admitted to the New York Stock Exchange on February 7, 1873. The firm continued in existence for about four years, when it was dissolved. The firm of R. P. Flower & Co. succeeded in the course of time the old firm of Benedict, Flower & Co., and their activity in Wall street speculation was conspicuous

In business matters Mr. Flower was constructive rather than destructive. His most conspicuous recent undertaking was the consolidation of the Brooklyn surface railways into the Brooklyn Rapid Transit system, with its traffic arrangements with the elevated railways of Brooklyn and the Long Island Railroad. He was also interested in International Paper, Federal Steel, People's Gas of Chicago, New York Air Brake and other companies, which had come to be known in Wall street as the "Flower stocks." It is estimated that Mr. Flower was worth at the time of his death $25,000,000.

KILLED FOUR OF HIS FAMILY.

Joseph Harvey, of Michigan, Wounds His Father-in-Law and Attempts Suicide.

HOWARD CITY, Mich. (Special).—Joseph Harvey, aged twenty, has killed his wife, his three months' old baby, his uncle, Robert Pierson, and his grandmother. He also wounded his father-in-law, John Logenslayer, and finally shot himself, inflicting a wound which is not expected to prove fatal.

Harvey's uncle and grandmother live a mile north of town. The murderer asserts that Pierson, his uncle, was quarreling with his grandmother, and that he interfered; that thereupon Pierson stabbed and killed the old lady, aged seventy, and that he (Harvey) retalliated by shooting his uncle dead. After shooting Pierson Harvey stabbed him three times.

Harvey then returned to his home, two miles southwest of town. Arriving there, he shot his wife twice, killing her. He then fired at his three months' old baby, the ball going into its arm.

Next Harvey entered his father-in-law's room and shot him twice, inflicting, however, no fatal injury. He then shot at Miss Labar, a teacher who boarded in the house, and finally shot himself in the neck.

Harvey's wife, when attacked, was sitting up with the remains of her mother, who died the previous day. No motive is known for the crime.

Gomez Wants a Cuban Standing Army.

General Gomez has made a request to General Brooke at Havana for a standing army of 15,000 Cubans.

Examine the new oil cloth on the kitchen floor; its color and gloss are being destroyed and you may see where a cake of common soap fresh from the hot water in the scrubbing bucket has been laid on it for a moment, the free alkali having eaten an impression of the cake into the bright colors.

A more careful examination will show small "pin holes" here and there where the alkali has cut through the surface to soak into and gradually weaken the whole floor covering.

This is what cheap soaps do. Use Ivory Soap, it will not injure.

COPYRIGHT 1898 BY THE PROCTER & GAMBLE CO. CINCINNATI

BOYS

Spalding's Athletic Library should be read by every boy who wants to become an athlete.

No. 4. Boxing. [lete.
No. 9. How to be an Ath-
No. 26. How to play Foot Ball, by Walter Camp.
No. 27. College Athletics
No. 32. How to play Base Ball. [letics.
No. 37. All Around Ath-
No. 42. How to Punch the Bag.
No. 82. How to Train.
No. 85. Official Foot Ball Guide. [Ball Guide.
No. 86. Official Basket
No. 87. Athletic Primer.
No. 92. Official A. A. U. Rules.
No. 93. Athletic Records
No. 95. Official Base Ball Guide.
No. 100. How to be a Bicycle Champion.

PRICE, 10 CENTS PER COPY.
Send for catalogue of all sports.
A. G. SPALDING & BROS.
New York. Denver. Chicago.

FARQUHAR RAKE SEPARATOR

Lightest draught; most durable, perfect in operation and cheapest.

Farquhar Vibrator Separator

greatest capacity; wastes no grain, cleans ready for market. Specially adapted for merchant threshing and large crops. Threshes rice, flax and millet. Received medals and awards at three world's fairs.

Farquhar Celebrated Ajax Engine

Received medal and highest award at World's Columbian Exposition. Farquhar's threshing engines are the most perfect in use. Have seats, foot brakes and two injectors. Are very strong and durable and are made as light as is consistent with safety. There is no record of a Farquhar boiler ever exploding.

Farquhar Variable Friction Feed Saw Mill.

Most accurate set works made. Quick receding head blocks and lightning gig back.

Engines Boilers, Saw Mills and Agricultural Implements Generally.

Send for illustrated catalog.

A. B. Farquhar Co., Ltd.
YORK, PA.

What would the world do without ink? Just think of it!

CARTER'S INK IS THE BEST INK.

Forty years experience in the making. Costs you no more than poor ink. Why not have it?

OLD COLONIAL MANTELPIECES

WANTED—Handsome old Colonial doors, window-frames, banisters, mantelpieces and other inside wood-work. Great opportunity for anyone about to tear down or alter. Address, P. O. Box 2949, Boston, Mass.

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY; gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Book of testimonials and 10 days' treatment Free. Dr. H. H. GREEN'S SONS, Box D, Atlanta, Ga.

PILES—WHY SUFFER. Get a box of Birdsall's Guaranteed File Ointment. It gives instant relief and has real merit. 50 cents a box at druggists, or send to E. T. LAIDLEY, 76 Pike Street, Port Jervis, N. Y.

RHEUMATISM CURED—Sample bottle, 4 days' treatment, postpaid, 10 cents, ALEXANDER REMEDY CO., 246 Greenwich St., N. Y.

25 CTS. PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS.

Columbia
Hartford and Vedette BICYCLES.

Public appreciation of the unequaled combination of quality and price embodied in these machines is shown in the present demand for them which is entirely without precedent.

NEW MODELS.

Chainless,	$75
Columbia Chain	50
Hartfords,	35
Vedettes,	$25, 26

A limited number of Columbia, Models 45, 46 and 49 (improved) and Hartfords, Patterns 7 and 8, at greatly reduced prices.

SEE OUR CATALOGUE.

POPE MFG. CO., Hartford, Conn.

Atlanta and New Orleans Short Line.

ATLANTA AND NEW ORLEANS SHORT LINE

Atlanta & West Point Railroad Company

.....AND.....

The Western Rw'y of Ala.

THE SHORT LINE BETWEEN ATLANTA AND NEW ORLEANS.

Operate Magnificent Vestibuled Trains between Atlanta and Montgomery, Mobile and New Orleans, at which latter point close and direct connections are made for

All Texas, Mexico and California Points.

In Addition to this Excellent Through Train and Car Service

These Railroads offer most favorable accommodations and inducements to their patrons and residents along their line. Any one contemplating a change of home can find no location more attractive nor more conducive to prosperity than is to be found on the line of these roads.

"THE HEART OF THE SOUTH"

A beautifully illustrated book giving detailed information as to the industries and attractions along these lines, can be had upon application to the undersigned, who will take pleasure in giving all desired information.

B. F. WYLY, Jr., Gen. Pass. & Ticket Agent. ATLANTA, GA.
R. E. LUTZ, Traffic Mgr., MONTGOMERY, ALA.
GEORGE C. SMITH, Pres. & Gen. Manager. ATLANTA, GA.

Happy Days
The greatest remedy for JOHNSON'S
MALARIA, CHILLS & FEVER
Grippe and Liver Diseases.
KNOWN ALL DRUGGISTS. 35c.

WANTED—Case of bad health that R-I-P-A-N-S will not benefit. Send 5 cts. to Ripans Chemical Co., New York, for 10 samples and 1000 testimonials.

MENTION THIS PAPER WHEN REPLYING TO ADVTS. NYNU—20.

Do You Know That There is Science in Neatness? Be Wise and Use

SAPOLIO

CHRISTIAN ENDEAVOR.

Topic For the Week Beginning May 21—Comment by Rev. S. H. Doyle.

TOPIC.—The gift of power.—Acts i, 1-8.

Power was to follow the gift of the Holy Ghost. The Holy Ghost is the power in the Christian's heart and life. Just before the death of Christ. He promised His disciples that, though He was to leave them, another would come to replace Him, even the Spirit of Truth, and that He would abide with them forever. With His coming the power was to come. "Ye shall receive power after that the Holy Ghost is come upon you."

1. The gift of the Holy Ghost, and consequently the gift of power, was conditioned upon obedience. They were commanded to tarry at Jerusalem for the promise of the Father, which was the promise of the Holy Ghost. To obey required faith. Obeying in faith, we are not surprised to know that they soon met and prayed for the gift of the spirit and power. Obedience, faith and prayer are still the prerequisites to the reception of the Holy Ghost for power.

2. The power given was to be power for Christ. They were to receive the power through the gift of the Spirit and then to be witnesses unto Christ, both in Jeusalem and Judæa, in Samaria and into the uttermost parts of the earth. In the power of the Holy Ghost they were to declare Christ to be the Saviour and Redeemer of the world. This would insure the success of their mission and their message. Only the Holy Ghost can seal home the truths of Christ to unregenerate human hearts. What we always need in presenting Christ to men or in undertaking any form of work for Christ is Holy Ghost power. We can't succeed in spiritual work without Him. It is not by might, not by power, but by the Spirit alone, that success can crown our labors. "'Paul may plant Apollo's water, but God must give the increase." The Holy Ghost is the particular person in the Godhead who furnishes this divine power for successful testimony and service.

3. The apostles fulfilled the conditions imposed upon them and received Holy Ghost power. So may we. God is more willing to give His Spirit to them that ask Him than earthly parents to give good gifts to their children. The apostles had no monopoly of the power of the Holy Ghost. The gift of tongues has ceased, but not the gift of power. The Spirit is to abide with us forever. Let us believe, obey, pray, that we may have a fresh baptism of the Holy Ghost for service and for work.

Bible Readings.—Neh. ix, 20; Ps. lxviii, 18; Isa. xxxii, 13-15; Luke xi, 9-13; John iii, 34; vii, 39; xiv, 15-17; Acts ii, 1-5, 39; v, 32; x, 44, 45; I Cor. ii, 12-16; Gal. iii, 14; Eph. i, 16, 17; I John iii, 24.

Some Rules For Christians.

You must acquire a habit of living by the minute. Trust in God now. Do God's will now. Do not offend God. Now you are to act for the future, but act by the moment. "Be careful for nothing, but in everything by prayer and supplication with thanksgiving let your requests be known unto God."

Do all you do in the name of the Lord Jesus. The Saviour expects you to dress, eat, drink, spend your time, talents, property and transact business with reference to the same object for which you pray, read your Bible and worship God. Whether, therefore, ye eat or drink or whatsoever ye do, do all to the glory of God.

Cultivate the deepest reverence in your approaches and addresses to God. Never allow yourself to use light or irreverent expressions of God or His work. Remember you are a "temple of the Holy Ghost." Therefore be careful and walk softly before God. "I am the Almighty God. Walk before Me and be thou perfect."—Presbyterian Banner.

Human Brotherhood.

The great truth of human brotherhood implies positive obligations. The fact that every one has some influence, that it is possible for him to be useful to his fellows, implies that it is his duty to exert his influence in the right direction and to assist his brethren as opportunity may offer. We owe our fellow men not only material assistance, if needed, but also a helpful spirit and uplifting example. We owe humanity an interest in its well being and pure, generous, unselfish personal lives. And, above all, we owe to the individuals who compose society, brotherly tenderness, kindness and love. These things all can give, and he who withholds them God will not hold guiltless.—Universalist Leader.

Higher Grading.

For some years a movement has been progressing to bring our schools and colleges into closer union and secure greater uniformity in courses of study and in methods of management. This work has found an able leader in Dr. Charles H. Payne, the secretary of the board of education. Cordial co-operation has been given by most of our leading educators, and system is appearing in the work of the schools as never before. The annual report of the board of education gives information which is surprising to one who has not kept close watch of the rapid development of our educational interests. The number of our institutions and the high grade of work done are a revelation of industry and success and Providential blessing.

Golden Eagle Clothing Hall.

In Spring and Summer Clothing

We are now offering

Bigger, Brighter and Better Values

Than Ever Before.

The variety of Single and Double-Breasted Sack Suits in good all-wool, plain or fancy materials, are shown in ample abundance to please all comers. We are not after the championship belt for blowing or exaggeration—and will not claim these suits to be worth $15.00 or $18.00. But we can safely assert,—and back our assertion by a guarantee to refund your money—THAT NO OTHER CONCERN IN HUNTINGDON can or will produce for less than $10.00 or $12.00 the equal to in quality, style or assortment, the suits we offer at $7.50.

Finer Styles and Better Assortments

from which to select, including silk-faced blue Serges, double or single-breasted, black Vicunas, double breasted, also fancy mixtures in light, medium or dark colors, in all the new and latest freaks of fashion; and while we show handsome suits at $12.00, $13.50 and $15.00, those at $10.00 have never been equalled at the price.

Our Men's Pants at $2.50 and $3.00

will interest you. Every pair strictly all wool—strictly perfect in fit and make. Cheaper grades, $1.25 and $1.50, for scuff, are a combination of strength, durability and sightliness.

Headquarters for Boys' and Children's New Spring Suits

Neat, non-dirt showing patterns, double-breasted coats, pants, double sewed, $1.00, $1.50 and $2.00.

CHIDDREN'S VESTEE SUITS of strictly all wool spring weight materials, sizes 3 to 8, elegantly made and handsomely trimmed, $2.50 to $5.00. Also the cheaper grades at $1.50, $1.75 and $2.00.

YOUNG MEN, ages 13 to 19, will find all the newest weaves in Worsteds, Cassimeres, Cheviots, also plain colors, ranging in price from $3 50 to $15.00.

Golden Eagle Clothing Hall,

HUGO MAYER, Manager,

Cor. 4th and Penn Streets, - - HUNTINGDON, PA.

Now for 1899.

You want to get in line with us for the coming season's business.

Investigate—

others are doing so—and have found that we furnish the right goods at the right price.

There is some satisfaction in knowing that you can buy your dry goods, notions, groceries, hardware, &c, from us for less money than by going abroad.

Your trade is solicited.

J. L. Houck,

Cassville, Pa.

When Hungry, Go To

FISHER'S Penn Street RESTAURANT.

—You Can Get—

Steaks, Chops, Eggs, Boiled Beans, Sandwiches, Pies, Hot Tea or Coffee.

BEST SHELL OYSTERS IN EVERY STYLE.

Oysters delivered to any part of town in any style or quantity.

—Also—

Caterer for Weddings and Banquets.

GEO. W. FISHER,

417 Penn St. HUNTINGDON, PA

GOOD OLD FASHIONED

CHARCOAL TIN

For Roofing and Spouting.

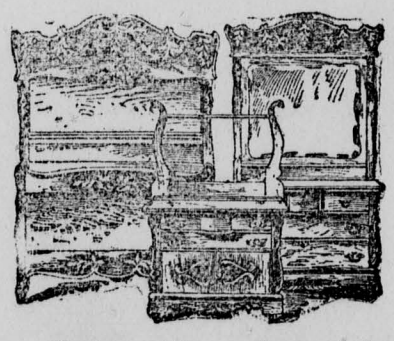
Having secured the exclusive sale of Gunney, McFarland & Co., Anti-pin-hole Tin, I now offer the people of Huntingdon and vicinity the only old fashioned Charcoal Tin sold in the United States. This Tin is made in Great Britain by the old process of 40 years ago and is fully guaranteed to be just as good as tin made at that time. If you need roofing or spouting call and let me explain the difference between this and the common tin and get my guarantee on same.

John Reynolds,

(Next door First National Bank,)

Huntingdon, Pa.

Builders' Supply and Furnishing Store.



Having recently opened up a stock of the above kinds of goods we respectfully invite the patronage of the public.

We can supply you with everything necessary to build and furnish a house, and at prices so low they will astonish you.

In addition to the above we keep a full line of the choicest confectionaries.

☞ *COME AND SEE US.*

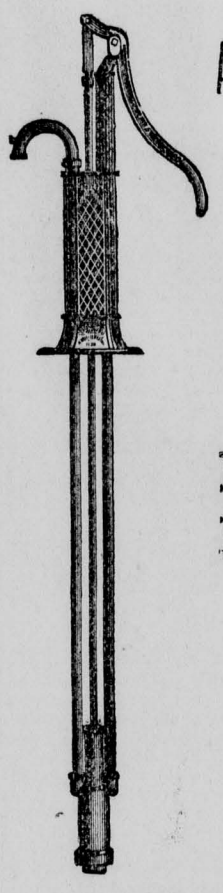
S. W. KIMMEL & SONS,

Saltillo, Penn'a.

FARMING IMPLEMENTS

--CONSISTING OF--

Wagons, Buggies, Spring Wagons, Road Carts, Mowers, Reapers and Binders, Hay Rakes, Riding and Walking Cultivators, Spring-tooth Harrows, Grain Drills, Feed Cutters, Grindstones, Barbed Wire, Wheelbarrows. In Lumber I Keep in Stock Frame Stuff, Stock Boards, Flooring and Siding, Lath, Pickets, Shingles, Window Frames, Door Frames, Pannel Doors, Sash, etc.



A Complete Line of Stoves Always in Stock.

! ! Pumps ! !

! ! Pumps ! !

Both Iron and Wood. Cut and fit for any depth well and guaranteed to do the work.

IN CHILLED PLOWS I HAVE

The Syracuse, Gale, Bissell and the Oliver. Also One-Horse Plows. Extras for all the above plows at BOTTOM PRICES.

Call and examine my stock and be convinced that my PRICES ARE THE LOWEST, or write for price list.

A. S. WELCH,

SHIRLEY ST., MOUNT UNION, PA.

Telephone Connection.

IMMACULATE FRONT

What a Difference a Fine New Shirt Makes in a Man.

Have you seen our MADRAS SHIRTS? $1.00, $1.50 and $2.00, fine quality, not surpassed.

The big sellers are Silk Fronts, in pink, white and blue—price $1.00. We have fancy silk fronts, better grade,—very popular—$1.50.

Do you want a cheap shirt? We have them. Muslin shirts, linen front, unlaundried, 35c., 40c., 50c., 75c. Laundried, 50c., 75c., $1.00.

Work shirts, 25c. to 50 cents.

SUMMER UNDERWEAR,

50c. to $1.00 a suit. Good quality. If you want better we have it.

O. L. STEWART,

One Price Clothier,

6th & Washington Sts., HUNTINGDON, PA.

Waverleys, $40; Ivanhoe Specials, $35; Ivanhoes, $25.

☞ See the IVANHOE in window opposite O'Connors' store. This wheel is equipped with "Royal" single tube tires, fully guaranteed for season of '99, and is an exceptional bargain.

The IVANHOE SPECIAL, second only to the Waverley, is a neat, attractive machine, beautifully striped and decorated. Various options.

THE WAVERLEY, "Old Reliable," durable, neat and attractive, is the best production of the Indiana Bicycle Co. The options on the Waverley are many.

The above machines are all manufactured by the Indiana Bicycle Co., and are backed by their guarantee. They are all safe to buy.

A complete line of Sundries now in stock.

L. L. PARKER, Mapleton Depot, Pa.